Oadhafi raps Brazil for arms seizure

TRIPOLI (R) — Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi Wednesday accessed the Brazilian government of acting irrationally over a intercepted in Brazil during a refuelling stop. "We regret to say that the Brazilian government is involved in the issue in such an tirational way...we simply ask that the planes be allowed to go or be sens back to Libya," he told a press conference here in answer to a question. Earlier this month, Col. Qadhafi had accused the Brazilian government of interfering in Libya's internal affairs and of backing "imperialism" against the Nicaraguan people by detaining four Libyan planes since April 16. In a statement issued this week, the Brazilian Foreign Ministry rejected a demand by Col. Qadhafi for the return of the planes and the 52 tonnes of arms and explosives they were carrying.



Arafat flies to Tunis via S. Arabia

DAMASCUS (R) - Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat has returned via Saudi Arabia to his headquarters in Tunis after a visit to Damascus, PLO officials said Tuesday night. They had no information on whether Mr. Arafat had talks with Saudi officials during his stopover. He arrived in Tunis on Monday night, they said. Mr. Arafat, based in Tunis since most PLO fighters evacuated Beirut following the Israeli invasion of Lebanon last year, had been in Damascus for more than a week During his stay he met President Hafez Al Assad for the first time in seven months, apparently restoring relations which had deteriorated sharply since the Israeli invasion.

Volume 8 / Number 2260

TEL AVIV (R) - An Israeli soldier was injured Tuesday when Israeli patrol south of the Lebanese Shouf mountain town of 'Ain Zhalta, a military spokesman said. Israeli soldiers fired back and searched the area, he added,

car in Shouf

ough an area where there has been factional fighting between rightists and leftists, the sources said.

NATO to hold war exercises

NAPLES, Italy (R) — The North Atlantic Treaty Organisation and air exercises in the Mediterranean from May 16 to 27, allied forces commander in Southern Europe William Crowe said Wed-

Jayewardene to visit Egypt, Pakistan

COLOMBO (R) - Sri Lankan President Junius Jayewardene will make state visits to Egypt and Pakistan about the middle of nextmonth, a cabinet spokesman said Wednesday. He said the dates

Turkey arrests 12 Iranian Communists

Iraq says 'enemy

BAGHDAD (R) - Iraq said Wednesday its navy and airforce destroyed "an enemy naval tarand airforce destroyed three unidentified "enemy naval targets" which had entered an area that it. had declared a naval exclusion

Seveso trials postponed again

pensation for the disaster from the Swiss company Givaudan.

INSIDE

- runs into statemate, page 4 Alia proyes productive and
- profitable, page 5
- appeal, page 6
- AEG-Telchinken on road to recovery, page 7

 Anti-apartheid bulwark
- VIOLETIOES. retain seat in South African polks, page 8

AMMAN, THURSDAY-FRIDAY MAY 12-13, 1983 — RAJAB 29-30, 1403

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

More Soviet families leave Beirut for home

BEIRUT (R) — Twenty-three wives and children of Soviet diplomats were reported to have left Beirut Wednesday, bringing to 110 the number of Soviet dependents who have quit Lebanon this week in a move that has fuelled fears of a renewed crisis.

Airport sources said 12 children and 11 women from diplomatic families were among passengers aboard a scheduled Aeroflot flight

On Monday, 87 wives and children left for Moscow on a special flight from Beirut.

Soviet officials have said the children were going home early for summer holidays. But their protestations that the move was routine did little to stop anxious Lebanese linking it with fears of renewed fighting in their battered

country. Concern that Syrian and Israeli risen as efforts to secure a removal of foreign forces from Lebanon bogged down.

State-run Beirut Radio reported that explosions had been heard Wednesday in Lebanon's eastern Bekaa Valley, where Israeli and Syrian troops face each

The radio said the reason for the explosions was not known,

It quoted people who had just come from the Bekaa Valley as

saying there was tension in the Beirut Radio reported Tuesday that Syrian forces had fired at an Israeli reconnaissance plane in eastern Lebanon, but an Israeli military spokesman denied such

an incident had taken place. Tension between Syria and Israel has increased since Damascus refused to accept a U.S.-backed proposal for the withdrawal of

foreign forces from Lebanon. In Beirut, two explosions rocked central and southern areas of forces could resume hostilities has the city late Tuesday night, wounding at least six people.

Beirut Radio said one of them. in which four people were injured. occurred in the southern suburb of Al Abiad, where many poor people have taken over abandoned houses and where past explosions have been the result of tenancy

The second blast took place outside a newly opened jeans shop

pping street where most of the capital's cinemas and restaurants are located.

There did not appear to be any connection between the explosions and the Syrian-Israeli tension or with fighting between rival militias in and around Beirut for the past week.

Following a comment by Syrian Foreign Minister Abdul Halim Khaddam that he considered an Israeli attack on his country very likely, state-run Damascus Radio said Wednesday that "any Israeli aggression against Syria would mean an unlimited war."

It also made clear that Syrian forces were prepared to fight in Lebanon if necessary.

In Washington, a State Department spokesman said that tension in Lebanon's Bekaa Valley, where Syrian and Israeli forces were facing each other, posed a persistent threat of renewed hos-

But he avoided describing the area as nearing flashpoint, saying the situation had existed for some

The spokesman said Syria had been moving more troops and material into Lebanon, but added there were no signs it was preparing an attack.

Syria: U.S. responsible for any attack

up a barrage of criticism of Israel and the United States Wednesday as tension was reported high between Syrian and Israeli forces in neighbouring Lebanon.

State-run Damascus Radio said the United States must take full responsibility for the consequences of any Israeli agg-

The government newspaper Tishrin repeated Syria's view that draft accord on the withdrawal of Israeli troops from Lebanon posed a grave threat to peace in

The agreement worked out by

DAMASCUS (R) - Syria kept U.S. Secretary of State George Shultz earlier this month is contingent upon a parallel withdrawal of Syrian and Palestinian forces from Lebanon.

Mr. Shultz said after talks with President Hafez Al Assad here last Saturday that Syria's disapproval of the draft accord meant gains to the invaders. it was now up to Lebanon to work

ever, that Damascus is Di negotiate. Syrian officials and media have condemned a pro-Israel to keep a few soldiers in sou- and allies throughout the world."

thern Lebanon, and have consistently demanded an unconditional Israeli withdrawal.

Damascus Radio said Wednesday: "Syria wants peace and pursues it. It is not fond of war...the American peace is rejected because it means giving

"...The United States assumes out a separate deal with its Arab full responsibility for the consequences that might result from There has been little sign, how— Israeli aggression against Syria.

"Syria will defend itself eff

iciently, confident of its own strength and with the support of vision of the draft accord allowing the Arab masses and its friends

Gulf states to begin fighting oil slick

KUWAIT (R) - Gulf states will start next Wednesday to fight a warring Iran and Iraq have hamgiant slick caused by oil pouring from shattered Iranian wells in the Gulf war zone, the official Kuwait news agency reported Wed-

The head of a regional environmental organisation, which is coordinating efforts to combat the Guif's worst pollution ever, was quoted as saying that technicians would begin skimming off the oil after aerial surveys.

Up to 8,000 barrels a day of thick crude oil have been pouring from the wells in Iran's Nowruz field, spreading patches of pol-' lution over an estimated 8,000 square miles of the Gulf.

Cross (ICRC) Wednesday acc-

used warring Iran and Iraq of exe-cuting prisoners and the ind-

iscriminate bombardment of civ-

It said it had protested to both

countries about "grave and repeated violations of international

humanitarian law" during the

According to a report sent to

the two capitals, these violations

included "executions of captive.

soldiers, the abandonment of

enemy wounded on the battlefield

and the indiscriminate bom-

bardment of towns and villages."

The report said: "These exe-

cutions were sometimes the act of

individuals involving a few sol-

diers fallen into enemy hands.

tember 1980.

ICRC accuses Iran, Iraq

Political differences between pered efforts to reach agreement on capping the wells.

However, ministers from Gulf coastal states agreed in April to fight the pollution. An action plan was drawn up in Bahrain this

The plan involves the use of helicopters to guide a special boat to the slick to suck up oil south of the war zone, using resources of all Gulf states.

The only action against the slick so far has been to set up protective booms at water intakes of desalination plants and power stations, and to clear beaches of deb-

Iraq offered a limited cease-fire in the slick area, but Iran insisted that Baghdad simply give an assurance that Iraqi forces would not attack workmen capping the wells.

A combination of wind and tide has kept most of the oil on the Iranian side of the Gulf. Some experts believe it could be another month before the slick hits Arabian Peninsula states.

Saudi Arabia and its allies in the Gulf Cooperation Council have held two emergency meetings of foreign ministers in an attempt to mediate between Tehran and Baghdad. A further meeting is planned in Saudi Arabia on Sun-

Tokyo resumes Tanaka trial

trial of former Japanese Prime Minister Kakeui Tanaka, accused of accepting an American bribe while he was in office, resumed Wednesday with defence lawyers insisting he is innocent.

and is the principal backer of cur-rent Prime Minister Yasuhiro Nakasone.

epting a 500 million yen (\$2 million) bribe from the U.S. Lockheed Aircraft Corporation while prime minister in the early 1970's.

bribe was for him to use his influence to secure orders for Lockheed TriStar planes from Japan's All Nippon Airways.

three-month break before whichthe prosecution demanded a sentence of five years in prison and a fine equal to the amount of the alleged bribe.

The court is due to rule on the charges around October.

West Bank epidemic remains a mystery

UNITED NATIONS (R) -World Health Organisation (WHO) experts failed to establish any specific cause for the sudden illnesses that struck hundreds of Palestinians living on the Israelioccupied West Bank last March,

the agency reported Wednesday. But an "environmental agent could have provoked at least some cases in the first outbreak," the report said.

U.N. Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar submitted the six-page document to the Security Council, which agreed on April 4 that he should arrange for an independent inquiry into the matter.

Arab states accused Israel of spreading toxins in the affected area. Israel flatly denied the cha-

Halfdan Mahler, director general of the WHO, prepared the report issued Wednesday after a team from the agency visited each of the three West Bank districts in which ailments were said to have occurred.

He told of three successive episodes in the period from March 21 through April 4, most of those affected having been schoolgirls. Headaches, dizziness, abd-

ominal pain, nausea, vomiting, tremors and general weakness were among the symptoms experienced by the affected persons. Dr. Mahler said, adding that these sometimes persisted for two or three weeks. Investigators looked into the

possibility that leaching pits from school toilets were responsible, he said, but these were no different in the affected schools than in those that were not affected by the outbreaks.

The report concluded that WHO had been unable to indicate any specific cause or causes of what it termed "this ill-defined health emergency."

"However," it said, "the initial medical records and interviews with cases in the first outbreak and with local health and other authorities suggest that an environmental agent could have provoked at least some cases in the first outbreak." The agent was not

Hu pays respects to Tito

BELGRADE (R) - Chinese Communist Party leader Hu Yaobang laid a wreath of 88 red roses at the tomb of the late President Tito Wednesday on the second day of his five-day official visit to Yugoslavia.

The wreath laid at the simple white marble tomb bore the inscription "To the Great Marxist Josip Broz Tito."

On Tuesday at an official banquet, Mr. Hu recalled the decade before 1977 when Peking and Belgrade were involved in a bitter ideological war and when Chinese leaders had called President Tito a Marxist renegade and a traitor to communism.

He said this was based on a misunderstanding of the past and described the late Yugoslav leader as a man as "hard as steel" and a great Marxist

Shultz to brief Reagan on Lebanon plan

WASHINGTON (R) — Secretary of State George Shultz flew home Wednesday to brief President Reagan on the embattled accord he negotiated to get foreign troops out of Lebanon.

Mr. Shultz was returning from an Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) meeting in Paris and went directly to the White House to see the president.

He spent two days in France after his 11-day Middle East shuttle that ended with a troop removal agreement between Israel and Lebanon which, if it holds, will be the administration's first real foreign policy success.

The agreement on withdrawing some 80,000 Israeli, Syrian and Palestinian fighters from Lebanon was under challenge on several fronts, especially from Syria, which could scuttle it by refusing to remove its 40,000 to 50,000

Damascus has kept up steady criticism of the accord, calling it unacceptable "in its present United States and Israel. form." But Mr. Shultz says the Syrians have not closed the door to a pullout, which Israel has made a condition for withdrawing its

25,000 troops. Syria and Israel have accused each other of preparing for a possible military confrontation in Lebanon, but Washington Tuesday played down the risk of ren-

ewed warfare. Mr. Shultz Tuesday called on Moscow to urge its Syrian ally to support the peace effort in Lebanon, which the Israeli cabinet approved in principle last Friday

by a vote of 17-2. "I would call upon the Soviet Union to ... get on the side of peace in Lebanon," he told a Paris press

TASS said the plan would turn Lebanon into "a vassal" of the But Mr. Shultz said Tuesday,

after meeting Iraqi Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz in Paris, that "a wave of Arab opinion (is) developing that withdrawal of all foreign forces from Lebanon is called

U.S. Defence Secretary Caspar Weinberger was also in Paris, where he was due to meet Thursday his Saudi Arabian counterpart, Prince Sultan. Officials said Mr. Weinberger would seek Saudi help in persuading Syria to withdraw from Lebanon.

Israeli leaders, while expressing some reservations about the withdrawal accord, gave much of the credit to the low-key negotiating style used by Mr. Shultz. They said conference, commenting on an he had not attempted at any point attack by the Soviet news agency to put pressure on Israel to agree.

Knesset attacks Lebanon plan

TEL AVIV (R) — The Israeli government was attacked in the Knesset (parliament) Wednesday for failing to get better "security guarantees" in its negotiations on withdrawing from Lebanon.

Labour Party leader Shimon Peres led the opposition, saying it was doubtful that the agreement to withdraw from Lebanon, which Israel accepted last week, had

improved the country's position. Some right-wingers have also criticised the agreement, worked George Shultz. It was uncertain whether the plan will get a majority when the Knesset votes on it, probably next week.

Mr. Peres said many of the agreement's provisions were being pite the statements of provocation

hailed by the government as achievements, but actually existed before the invasion of Lebanon last June. Foreign Minister Yitzhak Sha-

mir opened the debate, saying the agreement paved the way for good future relations with Lebanon. Mr. Shamir said he hoped the agreement would be signed in the

next few days after Israel had received the clarifications it was see-He repeated that a withdrawal out by U.S. Secretary of State of Israel's estimated 25,000strong army was conditional on Syrian and remaining Palestinian

> forces also leaving. Syria has raised strong objections to the plan. "We hope that Syria, too, des-

and deception, will prefer the way of stability and will fulfil its commitment made a few times in the past to withdraw its forces from

Lebanon..." Mr. Shamir said. "If things develop differently and it becomes impossible to prevent a threat to Israel, then Israel will be free to act according to its interest."

Mr. Peres, whose party gave qualified support for last year's Lebanon invasion, noted that some cabinet ministers, including former Defence Minister Ariel Sharon, shared his scepticism about the "security" angements.

He did not indicate whether the Labour opposition would vote against the agreement

U.S. reopens

Beirut mission

BEIRUT (R) - The United Sta-

tes reopened its consulate in Bei-

rut Wednesday, 23 days after the

U.S. embassy was blown up killing

Moscow awaits U.K. polls, says Thatcher

iting for the outcome next month's British general election before negotiating seriously on disarmament.

Moscow wanted to see whether the June 9 poll was won by the opposition Labour Party, which is committed to scrap all British and American nuclear weapons in Britain, she said in a radio interview.

The British leader spoke after the latest public opinion poll showed her Conservative Party had increased its lead over its nearest rival, Labour, to 15 percentage points since she called the election on Monday.

The poll, conducted by Market Opinion and Research Int-

LONDON (R) - Prime Minister ernational (MORI) for the Daily Margaret Thatcher said Wed- Star newspaper, gave these pernesday the Soviet Union was pro- centages for the main parties' sup-

> Liberal-Social Democratic alliance 21, others two. Mrs. Thatcher, dubbed "the Iron Lady" by the Soviet Union for her attacks on communism,

took what she said was a big, fundamental swipe at what she called Labour's one-sided disarmament The Soviet Union would not come forward with disarmament

proposals at the Geneva talks on curbing medium-range nuclear weapons while there was an election in West Germany earlier this year and it was the same with the British election now.

Mitterrand to meet Reagan before Williamsburg summit

nomic issues, will hold talks with President Reagan shortly before the summit of major Western nations opens later this month, it was announced Wednesday.

The meeting will take place on Mr. Mitterrand's arrival at Williamsburg, Virginia, on May 28, just before the start of the sevennation summit, the Elysee Palace

U.S. preparations for the sum-United States for the past month week.

PARIS (R) - French President and led to the Mitterrand adm-Francois Mitterrand, at odds with inistration boycotting a meeting of Washington over a range of eco- top finance and trade representatives in Paris Wednesday.

> ing to bypass the traditional informal mechanism for preparing the summit in order to turn the meeting into an international organisation in its own right.

Mr. Reagan last month invited Mr. Mitterrand to meet him several days before the summit opening. U.S. officials said Mr. Mitmit have been at the centre of a terrand told the White House he quarrel between France and the could not come earlier in the

known how many passports were missing, U.S. officials said. France says Washington is try-

MADRID (R) — Ex-President Maria Estela Peron is planning to return to Argentina where the armed forces that overthrew her have promised elections in Oct-

The sources told Reuters that Mrs. Peron, who has lived in exile in Spain for nearly two years, stated her intentions at a meeting in Madrid with Teresa de Palmas, head of a group campaigning for

her return. They said she told Ms. Palmas she would return to explain to the Argentine people the reasons why she was deposed in 1976 and what her position is today with regard to the national situation. She app-

arently set no date.

She did not intend to give her blessing to any candidate and said

French students, police clash in Cannes

CANNES, France (R) — About 400 French medical students clashed violently with police Wednesday after they charged into the venue of the Cannes International Film Festival throwing smokebombs and firecrackers.

The protest was one of a series of demonstrations across the couutry by students who object to the government's planned reforms of higher education and the health service.

Eyewitnesses said at least one policeman and one demonstrator were hurt. The students, some holding crowd barriers, charged the new festival centre near the old port and were resisted inside

On the other side of the harbour, students burnt heaps of car-

smoke over the town. Medical students have been on strike for three months and staged nationwide protests against government reforms which could eliminate them from medical school after the sixth year of their seven-

vear course.

On Tuesday night police in the south-western town of Toulouse said medical students lit more than 20 fires in the city. The demonstrators have also been disrupting road and rail traffic in various parts of France.

go ahead with a controversial law covering all higher education.

A big protest is being planned wing extremists.

tyres, sending a black column of for that day by students and some teachers who say the draft law, designed to mould education to the job market, has not taken their views into account.

> About 2,000 students from the elite Grandes Ecoles marched through Paris Wednesday to demand that the draft law be wit-Last week student dem-

onstrations in the capital resulted

in the worst clashes between protestors and police since the student riots of 1968. At least 100 riot police were

The government has decided to hurt in fighting with demonstrators armed with petrol bombs, clubs and stones. Press which is due to go before par-liament on May 24. commentators said the protests were being exploited by rightwere being exploited by right-

Among the first Lebanese inc-Conservative 46, Labour 31, uirers were people looking for passports apparently lost in the Consul Diane Dillard reopened the consulate in an office building

ore than 60 people

200 metres along the seafront from the shattered embassy building, still standing but with its central section collapsed. The American personnel who escaped unhurt from the April 18 explosion have been working in various office blocks and apa-

rtments for the last three weeks but no formal consular work has been done. Ambassador Robert Dillon, who survived the blast in which 17 Americans were killed, is working

in the nearby British embassy.

About 50 Lebanese turned up

Wednesday morning when the

consulate reopened, most of them seeking visas to visit the U.S. The process of sifting through the ruins of the old consulate office was still going on and it was not

Peron plans to return to Argentina

ober, Peronist sources said here Wednesday.

But Mrs. Peron added that she intended to stay above politics until the Peronist Party, founded by her late husband Juan Domingo Peron, had picked its presidential candidate.

the people themselves must decide, the sources said.

Israeli injured in Lebanon

) D[

light weapons fire was aimed at an

Bullets hit diplomat's

BEIRUT (R) - A French diplomat escaped unhurt when his car was hit by rifle fire while he was driving in the troubled Shouf mountains above Beirut Tuesday, diplomatic sources said Wednesday. The sources said that seven bullets hit the car of Andre Boissarie, an assistant to the military attache. He was driving thr-

(NATO) will hold major naval

would be announced later.

ANKARA (R) - Turkish police have arrested 12 Iranians, all believed to be members of the Iranian Tudeh (Communist) Party, in connection with their alleged links with secret Armenian organisations, an interior ministry official said Wednesday.

naval target' sunk

get" to the south of the Iranian oil-field of Nowruz at the head of the Gulf. A military communique said the unspecified target was "set on fire at 1340 hours (0940" GMT) and columns of thick smoke were seen billowing from it." Iraq said two days ago its navy

MONZA, Italy (R) - A lawyers' strike Wednesday led to a further delay in the trial of five senior company officials charged with partial responsibility for the 1976 chemical plant disaster at Seveso in northern Italy. It was the second postponement of the trial which was adjourned on its opening day, April 18, after about 200 people, including the mayor of Seveso, declared they were seeking com-

- · Death squads behind Rio de Janeiro murders, page 2 · Chinese firm gets Marka
- They have sometimes been systematic actions against entire FISA rejects Williams enemy units."
- housing scheme contract, · Shuitz plan for Lebanon
- ently required as confidential representations had failed to halt the The violations were all the more serious in Iran to whom the ICRC sons cease."

The ICRC said action was urg-

of executing war captives GENEVA (R) — The Int- had been refused access since May emational Committee of the Red 1982. The Iranian authorities claim they are holding between

civilians and destroying their Gulf war which broke out in Sep- shelling by Iran. anitarian law in armed conflicts,

> In Iran, the ICRC could only register some 30,000 prisoners, "leaving 15,000 to 20,000 families in the agony of uncertainty, which is precisely what the imperative provisions of the (Geneva) conventions are designed to

It appealed to all signatory

states of the Geneva conventions

to "make every effort to see that

international humanitarian law is

applied and these violations aff-

ecting tens of thousands of per-

45,000 and 50,000 Iragis.

The ICRC said Iraqi forces had

indiscriminately and sys-tematically bombarded towns and

villages, causing casualties among homes, while Iraqi towns had also been the target of indiscriminate It said such acts totally disregarded international hum-

founded on the distinction between civilians and armed forces. avoid," the report said.

TOKYO (R) - The six-year-old

The outcome of the trial, which began in January 1977, has crucial implications for the ruling Liberal Democratic Party since Mr. Tanaka leads the largest party faction

Mr. Tanaka is charged with acc-The prosecution alleges the

The trial resumes after a

and on the steps by police in riot

FEATURES

Death squads behind Rio's murders

By Oliver Wates Reuter

RIO DE JANEIRO — Hamilton Miranda Dos Santos and a friend were leaving a Rio De Janeiro bar one evening recently when they were seized and bundled into a waiting car by three armed men.

The two young men were handcuffed, beaten with cudgels and driven to a deserted part of town. There the assailants pumped seven bullets into their victims. threw the bodies down a hillside and drove off.

The cold-blooded attack bore all the hallmarks of Rio's dreaded "death squads", which are widely held responsible for several thousand unexplained killings here

Groups of off-duty policemen, operating at night, seek out people they suspect of being petty criminals, drag them from their beds, tie their hands behind their backs and riddle them with bullets. Though police chiefs deny the existence of the squads, the press and most Brazilians think otherwise.

Since March 20 the killers seem to have been working overtime. More than 20 unexplained murders have been committed at night in the poor, crime-ridden suburbs of northern Rio.

Hamilton Miranda Dos Santos was lucky. Shot in the stomach and through the mouth, he somehow survived to tell the tale.

His friend Helio Rodrigues, 24, was not so fortunate. A former and in Sao Paulo over the past 25 criminal who served a four-year prison sentence for bank robbery, he was hit by five bullets and died instantly.

The following day the body of Gilberto Gomes, a 39-year-old drug-trafficker, was found with 22 bullet-holes. This time there were suspects, according to the local

The same weekend a 50year-old ex-convict and a 33year-old concierge were gunned down, an unidentified young woman was found dead with five bullets in her head and stomach, and a man of about 30 was found riddled with bullets and with his fingertips cut off to avoid identification.

In all these cases police reported no clues as to the motives of the killers.

Over the past year, the squads

have kept a relatively low profile. The recent surge of killings led from causes such as quarrels one Rio newspaper, Ultima Hora, among drug-traffickers, disputes to conclude that the squads were between gangs of car-thieves or stepping up their activities to cha- bank-robbers, personal vendettas llenge the new state governor, and crimes of passion.

Leonel Brizola. Brizola, one of Brazil's most prominent left-wingers, took office on March 15. During his election campaign Brizola repeatedly pledged to fight the death squads but aides say he has not yet drawn up any specific plans.

Brizola's concern to cut down the rate of unexplained murders is shared by the state's Civil Police Director-General, Innocencio asconcelos.

'We need more vigilance, tougher investigations. If we receive more funds, we can combat more crimes," he told Reuters.

"The death squad does not exist, it never did," Mauro Magalhaes, director of Rio City Civil Police said. "In 30 years of policing I've never seen anything like groups of police going around exterminating people.'

He said murders in the metropolitan area have fallen over the past two years and described it as a coincidence that the latest wave of squad strikes. violence began when Brizola took

In the first two months of 1981, 561 murders were reported compared with 466 in the same 1982 period. In January and February 1983 there were only 418, Magalhaes said.

According to a crime reporter who wrote a book on the killings, death squads were formed as early as 1956. They became more prominent in the late 1960s when the killings were marked with a macabre flamboyance.

While many of the squads' targets are former convicts or petty criminals, others are clearly cases of mistaken identity or, as in the case of Hamilton Miranda, are with the intended victim when the

Despite government campaigns over the years to stop the killings, and the conviction of a few policemen, the violence has always

Works, probably the biggest remaining in the world, reached a recand one pushing at the back. ord 320 locomotives in 1980. Officials said that besides red-Its 8,000 workers made 230 engines last year, almost all of them the 3,300-horsepower Qianjin (progress) class that makes

By Richard Pascoe

Reuter

DATONG, China — The last

steam engine factory in China is

still making more than 200 huge

black locomotives a year for the

country's overstretched railway

system, but its days are numbered.

Production at the Datong

Time is running out for

China's last steam engine

China's railways a paradise for foreign train spotters. Factory officials said cuts in output were forced by the government's industrial retrenchment programme, which took investment away from heavy ind-

ustry, and by competition from diesel and electric traction. Datong's puffing black dragons

will still be made for the next couple of years, they said, but the day will come when the factory will have to close or start making something else.

"In the long run steam engines will be got rid of. In Western countries you have already scrapped them," one official said.

Other officials said there were still steam locomotive works in the Soviet Union and South Africa but there was no factory in the world making as many engines as Datone. In the West the only demand for

steam engines was for surface work at coal mines, they said.

The big advantage of steam engines is that they burn coal, available in abdundance in China. Shanxi province, China's main a few years yet."

coal-producing region west of Peking.

Shanxi provides both fuel and demand for steam engines, since coal from the province must be transported by train throughout the country on a still-expanding rail network.

Massive coal trains hundreds of metres long can be seen lumbering up the gradients around Datong, often with one loco pulling in front

ucing demands for oil, in short supply in China, steam engines were cheaper to build, cost less to maintain and were generally more robust than diesel locomotives.

They are used mainly for hauling freight but can also be seen pulling passenger trains in some parts of China.

The Datong factory officials said the Progress class locomotive was of Chinese origin but workers said it was based on old Russian and Japanese technology.

China's other locomotive works in the industrial northeast has aiready switched to making diesel or electric engines. To try to modernise its output,

Datong experimented with a gasturbine locomotive 15 years ago but it did not prove viable. The problems of steam are considerable, though less so in a cou-

ntry where labour is cheap. The factory's more modern versions have an automatic coal sto-

king system from the tender. Gao Huanting, director of the Finishing Shop, says a wellmaintained Progress locomotive can pull a train weighing over

30,000 tonnes. "They still have a future," he The locomotive works was sited at said. "We have plenty of coal. I Datong in 1959 because it is in think we'll have to make them for

Canadian ingenuity

By Paul Majendie Reuter

OTTAWA — Canada's National Research Council scientists have produced impressive results from outer space to the ice-bound Arctic despite the comparatively modest funds allotted to them.

The council has an annual budget of \$320 million vet Canada still lags behind the United States. Japan and many West European countries in the amount of money it spends on research and dev-

elopment. But recent examples highlight how the 1.000 scientists at the internationally-recognised council have proved that ingenuity, even if spread thinly across all fields of science, can work wonders.

The Canadian ski team, eager to hanical, remote-control arm used wind-resistant downhillers turfound the perfect tuck position in American space station," he said.

a wind tunnel.

combat hijackers, asked the scientific "think tank" to find out how bombs hidden in an airliner could be tracked down fast and accurately. They were presented with a bomb-sniffing device which speedily pinpoints explosives.

Council laboratories spokesman Kenneth Puller said: "Excellence is our job and we have a good international reputation. But you have to be careful where you put your money."

When asked to single out great council achievements, he is quick to mention Canadarm, the mec-

develop the world's sleekest, most on U.S. space shuttle missions. We are also in the early stages ned to the council for help and of participating in plans for an

Space technology has more Transport officials, keen to down-to-earth applications. "A robot vision system -- a computer that uses a camera at the end of an arm and allows it to grasp automatically -- will also be applied to the automobile industry," Pulfer explained.

The council often has to turn its inventive eye to the day-to-day problems faced by a huge, sprawling country with one of the world's longest coastlines and harsh conditions in its northern wastelands.

Its scientists have helped to develop icebreakers to carve through Arctic seas in search of the

oil that could fulfil Canada's the war its Defence Research and "We are also world leaders in the off into organisations of their own. development of breakwaters." Pulfer said.

Scientists are working on new, cheaper ways of extracting oil from the tar sands of western Canada which could offer untold ricfected.

developed. "We are building a idly," he said. "We are producing very large vertical axis wind turbine in Quebec which will generate four megawatts of electricity. The bigger they are, the more cost-effective they get," Pulfer said.

The council, founded in 1916. grew rapidly in World War II when advanced radar was developed in its laboratories. After

dream of energy self-sufficiency. Atomic Energy Departments split

Today the council's 10 wind tunnels offer Canada's best facilities for testing planes, ships and even snow ploughs.

Pulfer says the most exciting hes if the right technology is per- area now is biotechnology. "We are putting most of our resources Giant windmills are also being into it and expanding most rapthe know-how for developing human insulin. At present we get insulin from the pancreas of cattle. We hope to produce vats of human insulin.

> "In biomedical engineering, ultrasound is being developed for improving the health of damaged heart muscles. We are exp-

erimenting with the use of ultrasound to increase the rate of recovery for heart victims. "Tests are being done on ani-

mals now and it's showing great promise for the future. Ultrasound could be used before or after a heart attack. It starts things up, gets the blood flowing and the muscles strong and healthy The council is delighted to att-

ract international experts for collaborative work but when it comes to its own scientists, a lifelong commitment is sought. Pulfer said: "You can only

know more than anyone else about a subject if you devote your life to it. We have people who we expect to work for a lifetime with



今CHINESE基 Restaurant TAIWAN

TOURISMO 3rd Circle, Jabal Amman Opp. Akilah Maternity Hospital Tel: 41093

Open daily 12:00 - 4:00 p.m. 6:00 p.m. - midnight Take-away orders welcome A LIFE TIME OF ELEGANCE **SWAROVSKI** SILVER

COLLECTION

CRYSTAL 7



Rent a car from BUDGET for 30 days and you only pay for 25, while the other 5 days are on us.

Unlimited Kilometres **BETTER CARS AT BUDGET PRICES** for Reservations call 30433/38787 **M**IRAMAR HOTEL

Oriental Restaurant Korean-Japanese Chinese Best food you ever taste!

Aqaba, Tel. 4339/41

TLX 62275 JO

CLEARANCE (HIPPING - TRAVEL & TOUR) AR FREIGHT -PACKING AMIN KAWAR & SONS



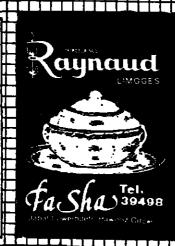


Shipping & forwarding (air, land, sea) storage * packing * crating * clearing door-to-door service CROWN INTERNATIONAL EST.

RESTAURANT **CHINA**

The first & best Chinese Restaurant in Jordan 1st Circle, Jabal Amman, near Ahliyyah Girls School

Open daily 12:00 - 3:30 p.m. 6:30 p.m. - Midnight Tel. 38968



To advertise in this section call: 666320

scandinavian show room living rooms

dining rooms
bedroom sets
wall units
lighting fixtures
clubs for children

modern danish design reather upholstery tax-free if applicable Te1663890 CIVIL DEFENCE STREET



an eye to the future





P.O. Box: 7806, AMMAN











MAIN EVENT HAMADASHOW English Show Band - Egyptian Dancers AL ALALI RIGHOP NIGHT CLA







NEWS IN BRIEF

Decree confirms new ambassador

AMMAN (J.T.) - A royal decree has been issued accepting Lebanon's nomination of Mr. Samir Habiqa as its new ambassador to Jordan, according to a report in Al Ra'i newspaper Wednesday, Mr. Habiqa will succeed Mr. Marcel Namour who was appointed as ambassador to Jordan in 1978.

Kitm receives loan to build school

AMMAN (Petra) — The Cities and Villages Development Bank has approved a ID 40,000 for the town of Kitm in the Irbid Governorate. The loan will finance the construction of a primary school and an annex to a local girls school.

Loan to cover oil imports

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Jordanian Government is to obtain a \$20 million from the Islamic Bank, according to a report in Al Ra'i newspaper Wednesday. The loan will be used to pay for the importation of crude oil.

Chemists hold equipment display

AMMAN (Petra) - The Jordanian Chemists Association opened Wednesday a four-day exhibition of chemical equipment at the University of Jordan. On display are apparatus for chemical analysis, testing blood samples, controlling environmental pollution as well as a spectrum photometer and other modern equipment supplied mostly by local companies and agents. The exhibition is designed to strengthen cooperation between the association and scientific institutions in Jordan.

Food related businesses invited to show

AMMAN (Petra) - The Amman Chamber of Industry has circulated an invitation to food processing factories and businesses in Jordan offering the chance to participate in an Arab food products fair. The fair will be held in the United Arab Emirates in Nov-

Qudah opens charity bazaar

ZARQA (Petra) — Zarqa District Governor Salem Al Qudah Wednesday opened a charity bazaar at the Zarqa Sports Club. On display at the three-day bazaar are examples of needle work, traditional handicrafts, books, plants and flowers. The proceeds of the bazaar will go towards developing the social and community centres in the region.

Teaching aids exhibited

7

ZARQA (Petra) - Mayor of the town of Al Hashimieh, near Zarga, Ayed Al Ziyud Wednesday opened an exhibition of Audio visual aids for use in schools at the Hashimieh Girls School. On show at the two-day display are paintings and literary works, national constumes and traditional handicrafts.

20..20

20..20

18.45 18.45

For further information contact our GS.A

Grand Travel and Tourism

King Passain Street, P.D. Box 2152, Amm Tel; 24363/22275/30125/38433 · Telex: 21194 Grand Jo

Hassan, Abdullah visit ancient | Chinese firm gets Marka Jordan display at U.S. Centre

the Regent, and His Highness Prince Abdullah, King Hussein's eldest son, Wednesday visited the American Centre on Jabal Amman and inspected the artifacts and stone tools on display in the exhibition entitled "Ancient Jordan: The Past Half-Million Years."

Speaking during the visit, Prince Hassan paid tribute to "the efforts being exerted to unearth our antiquities and discover

Highness Crown Prince Hassan. the Near East. The discovery of such antiquities underlines the fact that this region had been the cradle of many world civilisations," Prince Hassan said.

> The exhibition combines displays of stone tools and other items from the stone age with a series of maps, colour photographs and an artist's recreation of scenes from life in Jordan during the past 500,000 years.

Chief Chamberlain Prince Ra'd

AMMAN (J.T.) - His Royal the ancient history of Jordan and Iba Zaid opened the exhibition, which will last until May 23, Monday which has been prepared in cooperation with Yarmouk University, the Jordanian Department of Antiquities and the American Centre of Oriental Research in Amman.

> Upon their arrival at the centre. Prince Hassan and Prince Abdullah were met by U.S. Ambassador to Jordan Richard Viets. who accompanied them around the exhibition.

ECWA adopts new resolutions to improve intra-member links

BAGHDAD (Petra) - Jordan was among 31 countries attending a meeting of the Economic Commission for Western Asia (ECWA) which ended in Baghdad Wednesday.

The commission adopted several resolutions which are designed to bolster cooperation among western Asian nations and to increase aid to developing nations in the region, according to ECWA's Secretary-General Dr. Mohammad Sa'id Al Attar.

He said that the ECWA meeting decided to refer a report on the social and economic con-

ditions of the Palestinian people to ECWA member states for further study before submitting their amendments to a special ECWA executive committee meeting before June 15. The final amended report will then be submitted to an international conference on Palestine which is due to be held in Paris in August.

A special committee comprising Jordan, the PLO, Egypt. Iraq, Kuwait, Saudi Arabia and Lebanon will meet in Baghdad in June to rephrase the final report on the Palestinian people.

The commission said that Israel's invasion of Lebanon, its continued drive to confiscate Arab land and the Zionists' arbitrary measures against the Arab population, as well as the Iraq-Iran war and Iran's rejection of all peace offers have adversely affected the development of the West Asian region and has led to serious drop in economic growth over the past years.

Jordan was represented at the ECWA meeting by a delegation led by Minister of Industry and Trade Walid Asfour.



with Chief of the Royal Court Ahmad Al-Lawzi and held discussions with Mudar Badran (centre),

housing scheme contract

AMMAN (J.T.) — A Chinese construction company, the China Engineering Corporation has won a contract from the Urban Development Department (UDD) to build 391 housing units at Marka for lowincome families, according to UDD Director Hisham Al Zagha.

The JD 1.483 million project, to munity centre, shopping areas, be established on an area of 220 workshops and various other facdunums, also entails the construction of two secondary schools and vocational colleges one for each sex, a health centre, a com-

A special government agency. the UDD was established in July 1980 to carry out housing projects and meet the social needs of lowincome families. It carries out work in cooperation with the World Bank, the Housing Bank, and various government departments in Jordan.

Marka is one of five other lowincome areas of Amman that the UDD is developing. The houses, built by UDD, meet the minimum building standards, but combine this with low cost. Beneficiaries in the new areas are eligible for loans to extend and improve their new

Iraq agrees to import more Jordanian goods

BAGHDAD (Petra) - Under- import licences to Iraqi traders Secretary of the Ministry of Ind- and corporations to import goods Saleh Al Hourani discussed with his Iraqi counterpart Hatem Abed here Wednesday economic cooperation between Jordan and Iraq and ways of increasing the volume of trade between them.

Following the meeting, Mr. Hourani announced that Iraq has agreed in principle to increase its rent war against Iran.

ustry and Trade Mohammad from Jordan in a further manifestation of strong and brotherly ties between the two countries.

> During the meeting, Mr. Hourani expressed Jordan's kneeness to maintain close ties with Iraq and Mr. Abed said Iraq takes pride in Jordan's strong backing for the Iraqi people in their cur-

imports of Jordanian products, and will, for this purpose, grant aides from both sides.

Hassan visits Badran...

AMMAN (Petra) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the army headquarters and met the Regent. Wednesday met the Armed Forces Commander-

Prime Minister Mudar Badran at in-Chief Lt.-Gen. Sharif Zaid Ibn the latter's office. The meeting was attended by Chief of the Royal Court Ahmad Al Lawzi. Shaker where they discussed subjects pertaining to the armed forces.

Later Prince Hassan called at

... and sees CAEU chief

AMMAN (Petra) - His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, received at the Royal Court Wednesday afternoon Mr. Mahdi 'Obeidi, secretary-general of the Council of Arab Economic Unity who has just taken over the new post.

Mr. Obeidi succeeds Dr. Fakhri Qaddouri from Iraq. The audience was also attended by Prince ammad Addoub Al Zaben.

Abdullah, King Hussein's eldest

Later Prince Hassan received the President of the Jordanian Medical Association Hassan Khreis and delegates attending the third Jordanian Medical Confетепсе.

The meeting was attended by Acting Health Minister Moh-

Zhivkov visits Jordan fair stall

AMMAN (Petra) - Bulgarian President Todor Zhivkov has visited the Jordanian stand at the International Consumer Goods Fair which opened at the Bulgarian city of Ploydiv Monday.

Jordan is displaying carpets. refrigerators, washing machines and pharmaceutical products. Also on display are samples of Jordanian phosphates and agricultural products along with products from the Jordan Petroleum Refinery Company and the Jordan Fertiliser Company.

The wing also displays posters and maps that depict Jordan's archeaological and tourist sites.

Session focuses on war victims

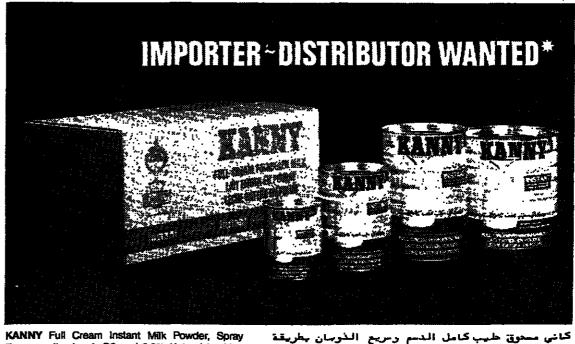
AMMAN (Petra) - The treatment of Lebanese war victims was among the subjects taken up by the participants attending the third Jordanian Medical Conference in Amman Wednesday.

The conference, which was opened Tuesday by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan. the Regent, also discussed other subjects which included ways of improving children's hospitals. blood pressure related diseases. the study of blood cells, cerebral palsy and liver inflammation.

Starting June 4,1983... The Greeks will fly you to Athens. Olympic Airways offers you 3 flights a week to Athens by Boeing 737. Fasten your seatbelts and experience a new way of flying to Athens. For Olympic Airways now flies you three times a week from Amman in style and comfort while you enjoy the taste of Greece on the way. Take advantage also of our connecting flights from Athens to major cities in Europe, U.S.A., Africa and throughout Greece, of course! Otympic Airways the national airline of Greece offers you excellent service on its most modern fleet of aircraft, Cargo is accepted on all our services. TIME TABLE AMMAN- ATHENS DEPIAMMAN ARRIATHENS DAY 12.10 08,.30 Monday 12_10 08..30 12.10 .08..30 ATHENS - AMMAN DEPIATHENS ARRIAMMAN

A more civilized way to fly.





KANNY Full Cream Instant Milk Powder, Spray Process, vitamins A, D3 and 0,2% Natural Lecithin added. Butterfat 28%, Protein 26.5%, Lactose 36.5%, Minerals 6%, Molsture 3%. Vacuum gaspacked for export to maintain ever lasting

frehness in hot climates. Instantized for super fast dissolving even in cold water Packed in beautiful lithographed tins with directions

for use in English, Arabic, Farsi, French, Spanish. Kanny Milk is extremely suitable for making Laban and Labnah (Yoghuri).

*KANNY is already well known in the Middle East. To establish itself on a more perma-

nent basis Imeko is looking for a sole importer, distributor for Jordan.

Please direct your inquiries to the headoffice in Holland.

حتى في المَّاءُ البَّارُدِ ، التَّقْبِيُّةَ فَي عَلْبُ مِفْيِحِيةً جميلة الطبع مع ارشادات باللغات الا تطيزية والعربية والقارمية والفرنمية والاسبانية . ءً، كأنى ،، مناسب للفاية في صناعة اللبن واللبنة حليب كاني مشهور في الشرق الا وسط ، لدعم مركزها بصورة دائمة ، ترغب شركة ايميكو في تعين موزع ومستورد وحيد

لللاردن الرجاء الاتصال بمركزه الرئسى

الرش ويحتوى علَى فيتامين أ وفيتأمين ٣٠ ۗ بالأضافة

الدسم ١٨ ٠/٠ ، بروتين ١/٢ ١٦ ٠/٠ ، لكتوز

۱/۲ ۲۰ /۰ ، معادن ۲۰/۰، رطوبة ۲۰/۰

معلب بطريقة الفغط للتعدير لكى يتحافظ على تكهته

الطارجة في الطقس الحار ، ومصوع للتوبان السريع

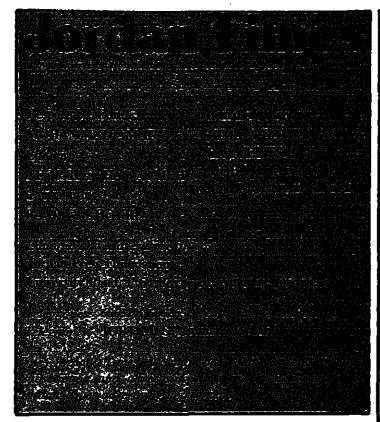
الى ٥٠٢ - أ • ليسيتن طبيعى •

Headoffice: Imeko B.V. P.O. Box 390 3770 AJ Barneveld Holland Tel. 03420 - 17941

Telex 47514 Imdut NL

Middle East Office: **Gulf Imeko Dairy Sales**

P.O. Box 9218 Dubai U.A.E. Tel. 473656 Telex 47514 Imeko EM



Trust's last gasps...

HAVE YOU heard the latest from the United States Congress? The House of Representatives' Foreign Affairs Committee has passed an amendment to a foreign aid bill requiring the United States to cut off military and economic aid to Turkey by 1986 if Turkey does not withdraw from Cyprus by then. The amendment still has to pass the entire House of Representatives' vote and also be endorsed by the Senate before it becomes law. But the fact that this kind of approach is being applied by some American lawmakers strikes us as significant. More significant, in our view, is the discrepancy between American politicians' attitude to countries such as Turkey and their attitude to Israel. It is noteworthy that the rationale given for the amendment by its sponsor, Congressman Gus "Liberty Is My Middle Name" Yatron, is that it would be wrong for the United States to provide substantial amounts of aid to countries that occupy other people's lands. And, of course, that is a very logical and freedom-loving rationale which we support enthusiastically. However, we find it odd, at the least, that American politicians are offended by the military occupations of some of their allies and friends, while they disregard the military occupations of Israel. In all such cases, the United States is in the uncomfortable position of funding and acquiescing in the military occupations. So why do some American political leaders deem it appropriate to threaten Turkey with a cutoff in military and economic aid, but the same American leaders increase military and economic aid to Israel?

This is typical of the many contradictions that seem to define American policy in the Middle East. It does no good to dismiss these merely as unavoidable aberrations of the American political system. This is the sort of political dynamic that helps keep the Middle East in a state of conflict, and that ultimately leaves Americans and American institutions in the area in a vulnerable and dangerous situation. This is the America that we are asked to trust? What has America done recently to win our trust? We can cite many things it has done to make good faith between Arabs and Americans a rare commodity. The House of Representatives' Foreign Affairs Committee vote this week is a good reminder of the extent of the obstacles in the way of an American-Arab dialogue based on trust.

ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i: Doctors symbolise fortitude

HIS Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, Tuesday opened the third Jordanian Medical Conference so as to express his recognition of the efforts that the Jordanian physicians and specialist are making towards improving health services. Prince Hassan's speech, in which he paid tribute to the doctors from the occupied West Bank, will no doubt boost the steadfastness of these doctors and strengthen their determination to offer continuing humanitarian services to the people under Israeli rule.

In his speech. Prince Hassan referred to these doctors' work as a good example of nationalistic fortitude in the face of Israel's repressive measures. These doctors are clinging to their land while continuously giving the outside world a true picture of Israeli malpractices against the Arab population especially in relation to the deteriorating health conditions under Israeli occupation rule. The doctors' humanitarian work has now assumed a nationalistic role which characterises the continuous struggle against oppression and occupation. The doctors' endeavours illustrate the strong cohesion between the Jordanians and Palestinians and embodies the continued joint struggle against oppression.

Al Dustour: Arabs must back Lebanon

BEFORE Shultz's arrival on the scene, the Lebanese-American-Israeli negotiations went round in a vicious circle because of Israel's persistant hegemonistic demands and because Lebanon continued to resist all Israeli bids to subjugate Lebanon and its

We called for American participation in the negotiations because only the U.S. can exercise any form of pressure on Israel. Now it has become clear that Shultz has brought about an agreement which, if implemented, would achieve an Israeli withdrawal from Lebanon.

What Lebanon needs at present is full Arab support to help it rid itself from occupation. Lebanon had insisted that it would accept no agreement that would in any way enstrange it from the Arab World. and therefore the Arab states should now adopt unified and strong action to help Lebanon regain its sovereignty and enable the Lebanese people to maintain their unity. Lebanon should not be left alone to face the Israeli occupiers since the liberation of Lebanon is a national objective. The Arabs must help end the Lebanese crisis so that they can devote their time and efforts towards settling the Palestine problem and block Israel's attempts to carry out its settlement policy on occupied Arab land.

Sawt Al Shaab: Summit can tackle dilemma

THE Lebanese question is now entering a new and delicate phase following Lebanon's acceptance of the new American-engineered agreement, and Syria's rejection of it. The contradiction between the two countries points to a conflict of interests, and demonstrates a difference in aims and style between Moscow, which refuses all American solutions, and Washington which insists on handling the region's issues single-handedly. Lebanon, which has long been subjected to sufferings, is forced to accept the agreement because it sees in it a step towards regaining national sovereignty.

Syria, on the other hand, sees in the agreement another measure to restrict its room for manoeuvre and one that ignores the Syrian interests in Lebanon. Syria, which calls for an unconditional Israeli withdrawal from Lebanon, is unable to achieve this demand and has offered no alternative to the agreement. On the contrary, Syria is quite willing to sacrifice Lebanon's national interests to safeguard its own, despite the fact that such a move might perpetuate Israel's occupation of Lebanon. This dilemma, which Lebanon now faces, ought to be tackled by Arab leaders at a summit meeting where all views and interests can be considered, and where plans to safeguard pan-Arab national interests would be drawn up.

Shultz plan runs into stalemate

By Harvey Morris

LONDON — The stalemate over U.S.-sponsored efforts to clear Lebanon of foreign troops has effectively eclipsed the wider issue of a Middle East peace settlement.

Agreement on the withdrawal of some 75,000 Israeli, Syrian and arded as a prerequisite condition for a future bid to end the Arab-Israeli conflict.

The failure of U.S. Secretary of sents the Reagan administration the secretary of state's strategy.

with a continuing barrier to the even more complex task of engineering a comprehensive regional settlement.

Shultz did his best to play up the positive aspects of a two-week Middle East shuttle which ended last weekend. He succeeded in persuading the Israelis and the Lebanese to accept his plan and Palestinian forces had been reg- said he would try to have it implemented despite Syria's obj-

Syrian rejection of the Shultz State George Shultz so far to get plan appears to have come as little area-wide agreement for his troop surprise in the region. It nevwithdrawal plan therefore pre- ertheless could be a death blow to

its 25,000 troops is dependent on anese border region, an area out Syria pulling out its estimated 40,000 troops, based in the north and east of Lebanon.

The characteristic most commonly ascribed to Syrian President Hafez Al-Assad by Western diplomats is caution.

Assad has been careful to avoid full-scale war with Israel for the past decade. On this occasion, he appears to have decided that the ever-present dangers of a conflict were outweighed by the military gains he alleged were being granted to Israel under the Shultz

These included a continuing

Israel has said the withdrawal of Israeli role in the southern Lebof bounds to Syrian forces even before last year's Israeli invasion of Lebanon.

> The Shultz mission was aimed, at least in part, at defusing the inevitable tension arising from the close proximity of Israeli and Syrian forces on Lebanese soil.

But analysts also saw its symbolic value as an indication of Washington's commitment to pushing ahead with the overall peace process during what remains of President Reagan's term.

The Arab states had been looking for proof that Washington

Israel to make concessions.

They would have preferred a tougher U.S. stand on halting Israeli settlement in the occupied West Bank. In the absence of action on that front, they were looking to Washington to produce Israeli concessions on the troop withdrawal issue.

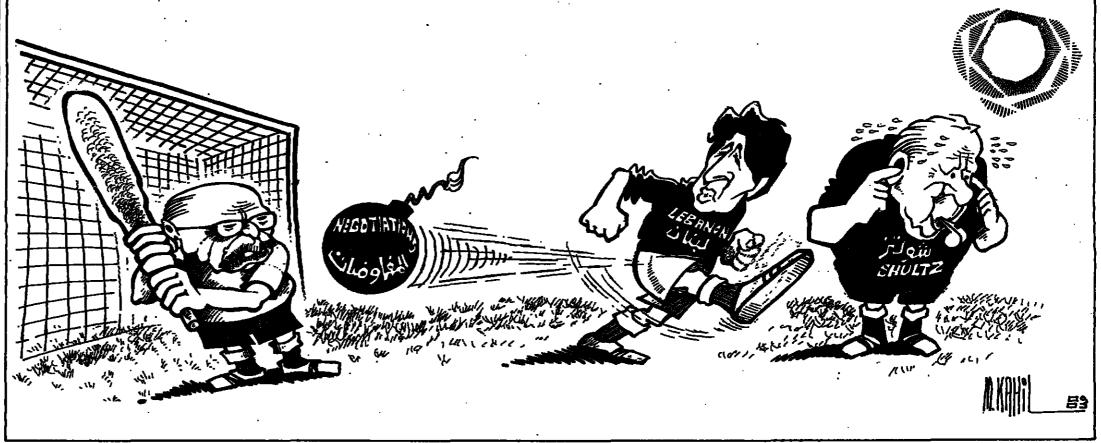
As far as Syria is concerned, such concessions have not been forthcoming and it has yet to be seen how much influential Arab states as Saudi Arabia will react if the plan fails.

Some analysts have speculated cooperating on troop withdrawal

was prepared to bring pressure on might be a U.S. commitment not to press on with plans for Palestinian autonomy on the West

A pullout of all foreign forces, of which Shultz is still optimistic. would be a major foreign policy achievement for the administration as Reagan ponders whether to stand for a further presidential term.

it would nevertheless still leave open the question of how Reagan intends to proceed with his plan for Palestinian autonomy in association with Jordan, which is no that the price sought by Israel for further forward than when he launched it eight months ago.



Tension exists despite end of Soviet pipeline dispute

By John Rogers

LONDON -- The Soviet Siberian gas pipeline, target of U.S. sanctions which sparked a bitter row with Western Europe last year, is near completion and the furore has faded.

But six months after President Reagan ended action against West German, British, French and Italian suppliers of equipment for the ject. pipeline, healing a five-month rift with his European allies, tensions over trade with Moscow still sim-

Engineers have almost finished laying the Soviet section of the controversial pipeline, according to the government daily Izvestia. It reported that all but 150 kilometres of the 4,500 kilometres pipeline, snaking westward from the Urengoi Gasfield in Siberia to the border with Czechoslovakia, was in place and work was under way on the last part through the Carpathian Mountains near the

The pipeline, due to be completed next year with an annual

capacity of 40 billion cubic metres economy with high-technology of gas, could be ready ahead of

European companies are fulspokesman for one firm, AEG of West Germany, says shipments of turbines are back to normal.

caused delays to deliveries but no long-term disruption of the pro-

Reagan imposed the sanctions after the 1981 martial law cra ckdown in Poland and extended them last June to European subsidiaries of U.S. firms and those using licensed U.S. technology.

Soviet officials have said they did no damage and hardened Moscow's resolve to produce Soviet gas compressors to replace delayed imports from the West if necessary, although Western industry sources are sceptical about this prospect.

While the pipeline is proceeding apace, the Western allies remain dispute -- how far Western Europe should help boost the Soviet

exports.

Reagan lifted the sanctions last November after reporting agrfilling contracts for compressors eement with the European allies , and other vital equipment, and a on studies aimed at more effective long-ferm measures to tighten trade with Moscow.

The studies are still under way The sanctions appear to have as the Western allies head into a series of ministerial meetings in different bodies, ranging from the International Energy Agency to NATO itself.

> Diplomats say progress reports, but not the final studies, seven industrial democracies in Williamsburg, Virginia.

> The studies cover Western technological products whose export to Moscow is restricted and strengthening of the Coordinating Committee (Cocom) which oversees such trade curbs.

East-West trade as a whole. final flows, export credit terms and energy security are also under scrutiny.

But European and U.S. attat odds on the issue underlying the itudes to dealing with Moscow remain far apart. The European allies share

Washington's desire to keep str- share Washington's hard-line ategic goods off the Soviet shopping list. But they also want to corner as much business as they can within the trade curbs.

21 Some Europeans see the Reagan administration; in the words of a senior French official who declines to be identified, as "still trying to turn the alliance into an enormous machine for waging economic war."

British analysts say the trade issue is still delicate and could flare up again if Washington tries to use commerce as a weapon against Moscow in some future intemational crisis.

voiced strong objections to current proposals for revisions to the U.S. export administration act which would ban exports to the United States by companies judged to have violated U.S. security controls.

Although the Reagan administration clearly wants to avoid a repetition of the pipeline row, it appears determined to tighten

trade with the Soviet Bloc. But most Europeans do not approach and doubt the value of using trade as a weapon. In the pipeline row, they rej-

ected U.S. claims that their planned gas purchases would make them too dependent on Moscow and vulnerable to Soviet pressure. As part of the deal to resolve the

dispute, the European allies agreed not to sign further natural gas contracts with Moscow while the long-term studies proceed. The issue is dormant because of

lower demand in the recession and ample supplies from other sources. Another potential source of friction, a projected second Sib-European governments have erian pipeline, is unlikely to go ahead, energy experts say. Pierre Delaporte, head of the

state-run firm Gaz de France, told Reuters recently that France, which is to buy about eight billion cubic metres of Soviet gas a year, does not need supplies beyond present contracts and could withstand a Soviet cut-off for more than a year.

West German's Ruhrgas group will buy 10.5 billion cubic metres of Soviet gas a year, while Austria plans to take 1.5 billion cubic met-

Italy declared a pause for reflection on projected purchases of 8.5 billion cubic metres of Soviet gas after the start of the Polish martial law crisis and is still tonsidering the deal. No early developments are likely.

Algerian natural gas is due to start flowing to Italy next month under a long-term contract which government officials say will give v adequate stra ure supplies. Pressure for a Soviet deal has faded, they add.

The Netherlands, itself a major supplier of gas to other European countries, announced last year it will not buy any Soviet gas for the time being.

The state-controlled firm Gasunie exported 34.8 billion cubic metres of gas to West Germany, Belgium, France and Switzerland

last year, down from 42.8 billion in 1981. The recession and conservation measures cut gas usage in these countries by five per cent last year.

Gasunie said.

Italians regard elections with cynicism

By Michael Sheridan Reider

ROME - Forty-four million Italians will vote next month in a general election forced by the Socialist Party against the wishes of the head of state and apparently most of the population.

Many Italians outside the rarefied world of political manoeuvring regard the comings and goings of their governments, 43 of them since World War II, with weary cynicism.

Opinion polls suggest that when election time comes round indifference turns to the same irritation that greets the blustery, sand-laden Scirocco wind from the Mediterraneau.

When the electorate is forced to the ballot box next June 26 to cast its compulsory vote, most polls and analysts expect almost no significant shift of power to result.

The Socialists made elections inevitable, over a year ahead of schedule, when they pulled out of Italy's Christian Democrat-led four-party coalition, forcing ction. Prime Minister Amintore Fanfani

His eyes on Socialist heads of government in Spain, France, Portugal and Greece, Socialist leader Bettino Craxi was beginning to European brothers and decided the time had come to make a bid for power.

However, political analysts are special case, and whatever party propaganda says to the contrary, Craxi is neither a Mitterrand nor a

His brand of Socialism is born of kly magazine L'Espresso. the compromises inherent in a sys-

tem of Christian Democrat-led coalitions intended primarily to keep the Communist Party from

power. The Communists are the country's second largest party with over 30 per cent of the vote in the last elections in 1979, compared with less than 10 per cent for

But although the Socialists have little hope of improving their share of the vote by more than five per cent, Craxi knows the Christian Democrats cannot govern without him and plans to use his hoped-for bigger share as a lever

Individual Socialist ministers have made it clear they will not be joining any coalition cabinet without Craxi in the prime minister's

Yet the shifting sands of coalition alliances, especially among the smaller parties and the various groups within the Christian Democrats, are such that it would be a rash prophet who forecast a definitive outcome to any Italian ele-

The voters do not seem to care much for the cleaned-up Christian Democrats, the "new-look" Communists or Craxi's red rosebrandishing Socialists.

And the minuscule Neo-Fascist feel the odd man out among his Party is losing votes so quickly that even ex-dictator Mussolini's son has turned down an offer to be one of their candidates.

in fact, an apathy party would quick to comment that Italy is a come third and hold the balance of power if those 18 per cent who plan to abstain or spoil their votes formed a cohesive group, according to a recent poll by the wee-

The economic issues seem clear

cnough. Infaltion at 16.8 per cent is by far from the highest of any major industrialised Western nation. Unemployment at 9.8 per cent, though lower than in many other European countries, is still high by previous standards and the underlying trend is upward.

Interest rates remain astonomical. When the Italian Banking Association cut its prime lending rate to 18.75 per cent merely underlined the sky-high cost of credit in Italy.

Survey after survey shows that most Italians have little or no faith in the ability of the established parties to solve the country's economic and social problems.

The Communists and other leftists say the real problem is the lack of a real alternative to endless coalitions in which the same faces switch jobs without changing pol-Yet the urban guerrilla violence

that plagued the last elections seems to have abated and there has been only one political shooting this year. Italians also seem untouched by

the anti-nuclear movements currently riding high in other West European countries, as the plans to deploy 112 U.S. cruise missiles in Sicily have brought mainly foreign protesters to the island.

Voting is compulsory, but the only sanction against abstainers is an entry in a "good conduct book" required of applicants for state

In all, 44.4 million people will vote to elect the 630 members of the Chamber of Deputies or Lower House and 38.3 million electors are eligible to cast ballots for the 315 senators who sit in the | for the whole of NATO, Clyde at any time since it was est-Upper House.

Iceland has important role in NATO

By Helen Womack

KEFLAVIK, Iceland — As the Soviet northern fleet continues to expand. Iceland is growing in importance as a major listening

post for the Western alliance. Relations between the 3.000 American servicemen stationed at the NATO base here and the local population are also easier after the bitterness of the 1970s, when Icelanders were angry with the Americans for not protecting them from British fishermen in the so-called Cod Wars.

"With the worsening intemational climate -- Poland and Afghanistan -- the Icelanders are beginning to realise that they need us," said Lieutenant Commander William Clyde, public relations officer for the base.

The American defence force here was established in 1951 by mutual agreement between Washington and Reykjavik to guard Iceland, which has no armed forces of its own.

Since Iceland lies almost exactly half way between Moscow and New York at the head of all the main North Atlantic Routes, the base also gave NATO a strategic advantage.

It was assigned the taks of watching for attack and in the event of war, fighting a delaying action until reinforcements could arrive.

But with the rapid growth of the fleet had gone up by 120 per Soviet naval power, particularly the expansion of the northern fleet operating out of Murmansk, the base has taken on a new sig- in mind, lcelanders are now more nificance as an early warning post willing to to accept the base than

Navy and air force planes, including P-3 Orion anti-submarine aircraft and two recently acquired Airborne Warning and Control Aircraft (AWACS), maintain a 24-hour surveillance over the 103,000 square kilometre (40,000

square mile) island.

Although the U.S. navy controls the base, it has no ships here. Clyde said they now detected an average of 120 Soviet spy flights a year near Iceland. The Soviet planes usually remained in international airspace and the American forces did no more than rec-

ord their movements. Clyde declined to say what would happen if a Soviet plane violated Icelandic airspace beyond stressing NATO's commitment to defend Iceland in cooperation with the Reykjavik government

He was equally reticent about Soviet submarine activity around Iceland, which he nevertheless suggested was increasing.

"When one of our planes detects a Soviet flight, they know about it. When we detect their submarines, they don't know and we are anxious to tell them how many we have identified," he said.

But he said northern fleet submarine movements had increased by an estimated 63 per cent between 1976 and 1981 while nuclear submarine movements within

cent in the same period. With this increased activity and the recent experience of Sweden ablished. Two to one favour the

presence of the Americans, according to a new poll.

Sweden, which held a grounded Soviet submarine for 10 days in 1981, last week protested to Moscow over alleged intrusions by six Soviet submarines last October.

The main opposition to the

American base came from the

Communists and the sleft wing of

the Socialist People's Alliance,

traditionally a strong force in Ice-

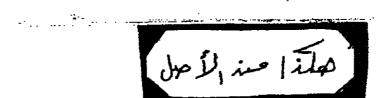
landic politics, which said the Americans threatened to swamp Icelandic culture. But as members of the last government, the Communists did nothing to dismantle the base and only vetoed fresh developments such as the building of a new runway. They were unable to use Kef-

lavik as an issue in the general elections last month. Only a group of feminists, who won three seats in the 60-member Althing (parliament), attacked the base. They opposed it on general pacifist grounds but said they would have to examine Kellavik's role in the Icelandic economy bef-

ore pressing for its closure. The United states spends \$80 million a year on the base. It employs 2.000 Icelanders and accounts for around four per cent of the country's gross national pro-

The Americans, usually confined to camp, say they have been careful not to place strains on the local social structure.

They also improve their image by sharing their runways with Icelandic civilian airliners and providing air-sea rescue services and disaster relief, as when a volcano erupted on the Western Islands, south of the mainland, in 1973.



National carrier proves productive and profitable

David Woolley

AMEN - Jordan's national cases has expanded its prohas calarged and modernised its fleet considerably. To its three 747s the airline has added, since 1981; five L-1011-500s, and these wide body types now make up the major part of the ton-km capacity.

A major leap in traffic in 1981 - more than 21 per cent in passengers and almost 40 per cent in cargo - reflected the influence of such factors as the Iran-Iraq war. Last. year growth continued strongly - 19 per cent in passenger traffic and 17 per cent in cargo.

The airline's chairman, Ali Ghandour, described 1983 to us however as "another tough year" with traffic growth dropping well below that experienced recently. to about 8 per cent.

With total revenue up 36 per cent in 1981, the airline made a net profit of \$5.3 million. The key to survival in today's economic environment, said Mr. Ghandour, was the control of costs and maximising of revenue. From 1980 to 1981 Alia improved its revenue yield by 7 per cent while unit cost rose only 4 per cent, and the trend is being continued.

As Mr. Ghandour pointed out, the only one of the major cost items over which the airline has 100 per cent control is manpower, and consequently a prime objective has been the improvement of productivity and a limit on growth in the number of staff.

During the past three years, with average annual growth overall at around 20 per cent, the workforce has grown only 5 to 6 per cent per year.

As a result, productivity in terms of tonne-km per employee has improved from 40 to almost 100, putting the airline well up in the league table for major non-U.S. international carriers, and according to Mr. Ghandour ahead of all other Arab carriers.

"We asked for more production in the same working hours," he said; but it was not a case of wielding the big stick. The answer lay in better staff training: "they are producing more because they know more," he told us.

Alia's current route network extends to New York in the west and Karachi and Bangkok in the east, with coverage of most capital cities in the Arab World and in Western Europe, together with Lamaca, Istanbul, Athens, Belgrade and Bucharest.

Two services to the U.S. - Chi-

1981 to the air traffic control disruption in that country and the blow to Jordanian tourism caused by the closure by Israel of the bridge to the West Bank.

The services were withdrawn not yet been re-instated, although vice was stepped up to daily folfifth freedom out of both.

Alia holds traffic rights in Brazil, and has for some time been module of the building. eyeing the Latin American mardate at present.

It is in the Arab World, however, that the airline sees some of the biggest potential. Mr. Gbandour is frankly critical of the protectionist attitude of most other Middle East countries - "in my opinion it is very short sighted," he told us. The Arab World, he believes, is badly served, even though in most cases air is the only practicable mode of travel.

Fares remain high and there are few official discount rates; with liberal policies, he argues, the market would literally double, but bulk of the increase coming from an upsurge in family and private

The Arab Air Carrier Organisation is criticised by Mr. Ghandour for being too little interested in finding new markets and promoting liberal policies. He added that he hated to see airlines taking up reactionary positions; "I don't think our citizens are being served," he said.

Queen Alia International Airport is needed "like yesterday," said Mr. Ghandour. The present Amman Airport was not a suitable gateway to the country; there bad been talks about a new one for many years, but it was only when the government had begun to appreciate the growing importance to the country of tourism that things had started to move.

The airline has an important investment in the airport, theshowpiece of which is its hangar. an unconventional award-winning building designed by Voerst Alpine of Austria and forming part of the \$110 million engineering base.

The hangar's three triangular modules can accommodate a 747 and two TriStars entirely under cover, with their moses in towards -ntries will however remain a prothe point where the apexes of the blem. three modules meet.

During our visit in February the first commercial aircraft to use the

Soccer Special 06:45 Financial News 06:55 Reflections 07:00 World News; 24 Hours News Summary 07:30 Peebles' Choice 07:45 The World Today 08:00 Newsdesk 08:09 Cancelled 08:30 Nature

Notebook 68:46 The Farming World 99:99 World News; 24 Hours: News Summary 99:30 Country Style 99:45 Network U.K. 18:96 World News 18:09 Reflections 18:15 International Soccer

Special 10:36 John: Peel 11:00 World News; 11:09 British Press Review 11:15

News; 11:39 British Frees Review 11:15
Short Story 11:30 Financial News 11:40
Look Ahead 11:45 What the Foreigner
Saw 12:15 Maritime England 12:30
Comedy Show 13:00 World News; News
about British 13:15 New Ideas 13:25
The Week in Wales 13:20 The Horror

and The Courage 14:00 Radio Newsreel 14:15 Sports Round-up 14:45 Jubilee Concert 15:00 World News; 15:09 24

Concert 15:00 World News; 15:09 24 Hours: News Sammary 15:30 Network U.K. 15:45 The Pleasure's Yours 16:30 Discovery 16:40 Paperback Choice 16:45 Racing 17:00 Racing from Cheltenham 18:00 World News 18:00 Commentary 18:15 Assignment 18:45 The World Today 19:00 WoorldNews 19:40 Medidian 19:40 The Week in Wales 19:45 Sports Round-up 20:00 World News 20:00 News about Britain 28:15 Radio Newsrel 28:30 The Ousside 18:40 Newsrel 28:30 Newsrel 28:30

20:15 Radio Newsreel 20:30 The Quartet 21:00 Outlook: News Summary

21:39 Stock Market Report 21:43 Loo

Ahead Z1:45 Report on Religion 22:00 World News 22:09 24 Hours News

Summary 22:30 A Jolly Good Show 23:15 Ulster Newsletter 23:20 In the Meantime 23:30 Business Matters 24:00

World News 00:09 The World Today 00:25 The Week in Wales 00:30 Fin-ancial News 00:46 Reflections 00:45

Sports Round-up 01:00 World News: Commentary 01:15 Merchant Navy

VOICE OF AMERICA

ormal Presentation of Popular Music with Feature Reports, Interviews, Ans-

wers to Listener's Questions, Science

Digest. News Summary at 30 minutes past the hour. 17:00 News 17:10 Mag-

azine Show 17:30 Special English News

and Features 18:00 News 18:10 New-sline 18:30 New Music USA 19:00 News

cago and Houston -- fell victim in airport, an Alia 707, was already most of it is in cargo and baggage installed in the hangar for a major handling. overhaul. It appeared lost in the cavernous building.

Design features of the buildinginclude an ingenious system of door operation which is claimed to after only a few months, and have avoid the perennial problem of large hangar doors jamming with they figure in future planning temperature changes. A Last summer the New York ser- counter-balance system removes most of the weight from the whelowing encouraging results; five of els and compensates for the shape, the flights operate through Vienna and movement with temperature and two through Amsterdam, with change, of the bow girder ove-

The hangar is heated in winter ket, though without a start-up by a system which retains the warmth in the lower part of the space with an invisible barrier of from the cold air above.

> Ceiling-mounted overhead cranes in each module are radial arms, the outer end following a circular track, giving access to most of the floor area.

Technical self-sufficiency is an objective which Alia has dear to its heart. The airline also plans to make contract engineering services available to airlines threngine-overhaul facility including. a Sulzer test cell and designed to handle RB-211s is curently under construction next to the hangar: the overhaul shops should be and the test cell by April next year.

new airport, especially from the airport boundary. The 315-room tle bussing. Baggage and cargo handling will be faster, he says, with only a 50-75 m (150-225 ft) haul for baggage from belly hold

Decent air conditioning in the terminal, and new signs and information displays, will all contribute to smoothing the operation, he says.

At present an aircraft can be turned round in 45 minutes :- just about - but the normal time is 11/2 hours. At the new airport the lower figure should become the

Punctuality, in terms of flights departing within 15 minutes of schedule, is around 80 per cent, but is expected to improve at-Queen Alia International. Air traffic control delays in other cou-

Investment in ground support equipment this year alone is \$4 million, according to Mr. Biltaji; mock-up aircraft doors.

CULTURAL CENTRES

Royal Cultural Centre Tel. 661026/7

Spanish Cultural Centre...... Turkish Cultural Centre

Amman Municipal Library University of Jordan Library

Soviet Cultural Centre

WHAT'S GOING ON

41520

37009

44203

24049

665195

667181 . 41793

664251

.. 36111 843555

The airline has looked at the Neoplan Galaxy, the airside bus with two decks and integral stairs, ·for serving the remote stands at Queen Alia International. Mr. Biltaji says he has some reservatrions about the vehicle; he sees a possible bottleneck in passenger flow internally.

Alia has had until now a nearmonopoly in ground handling -Saudia handled itself -- but at the new airport the Jordanian airline rhead. Three sets of doors are will be the sole handler. Asked provided, one to each triangular about the question of a monopoly, Mr. Biltaji says that the arrangement is probably the only one practicable in local conditions, and anyway enables the ground investment to be more costcontrolled air currents dividing it 'effective. "We have not had any serious complaints about our ser-

> Alia has been its own project manager for its airport installations, through its subsidiary Arabair Services. This consultancy, formerly a joint venture with Syrian Arab Airlines, became wholly owned by the Jordanian carrier in August 1981.

vice." he adds.

Since then, its capacity has been oughout the region. A \$50 million almost entirely absorbed by the new airport, both as consultant to the Ministry of Transport and as project manager for Alia's own

These facilities include not only complete by the end of the year, the maintenance base but also a -cargo centre, a \$12 million cat-Alia's vice-president airport ering centre (both complete), an passenger services, Akel Biltaji. operations building, and the \$21.5 sees great gains in efficiency at the million Alia Gateway Hotel on the use of airbridges and relatively lit- hotel, essentially a transit hotel and needed because of the relative remoteness of the new airport, is being built by French contractor SODETEG. It is due for completion next year.

> Arabair Services' managing director, Hilmi Ghandour (brother of the airline's chairman), points out that one of the firm's major tasks is the co-ordination of the move from the old airport to the new. It had already taken over the south terminal on behalf of the Ministry to prepare it for occupation by the airline; and as Alia is the largest single user of the new airport Arabair Services is maintaining close, if unofficial, coordination contact with other users.

A split operation at the two airports in the initial stages is ruled out by Mr. Ghandour, although he says there may be some "dry-run" flights before opening. Staff have been trained to operate the airbridges however with the aid of

Mr. Ghandour points to Singapore Airline's successful ovemight move from Payar Lebar to Changi, and the similar transfer at Tokyo, and says that Alia can do

When the airport work is complete, what will Arabair Services do then? Mr. Ghandour expounds with enthusiasm his view of dour expounds with enthusiasm his view of the firm expanding into foreign consultancy work, especially in the Third World. With its record at home, he says, the firm's credibility abroad is high.

It will have the enormous advantage, he says, of belonging to an airline whose name is good and which has weathered the recession; the managers who solved the airline's early problems are still in their seats, he points out, while those of many a larger airline have vanished in the slump to be replaced by newcomers.

Mr. Ghandour's intention is not to oust the older-established consultancies of the West, "We have no hang-up about asking them for expertise," he told Airports Int-ernational: "and we hope that when they're in Third World countries they won't hesitate to ask

Arabair Services does not have the capacity to design a complete airport, although the firm wishes it had been more involved in the early design stages of Queen Alia International -- it would for example have urged on the original planners the inclusion of the road tunnel under the parallel link taxiways referred to above.

Typical of its future role abroad, says Mr. Ghandour, is the current management contract with Sierra Leone Airways, under which Alia is supplying a 707. Arabair Services carried out the initial studies of the West African country's facilities and the airline's route network potential. An intergovernmental agreement with Jordan followed last year.

One thing which Mr. Ghandour is trying to break away from is the turnkey contract, which in his view can lead to the customer paying over the odds. Most of the extra cost goes on project coordination. and some 25 per cent of the turnkey price can be saved, he argues - provided that the customer has the necessary expertise to handle it himself. In Arabair Services' case, it can draw also on Alia's expertise.

The engine test-cell is, he says, a case in point. Arabair Services is managing this project itself; the

contractor was selected from intense competition, and the out-

come will be one of the more sophisticated test facilities in existence, says Mr. Ghandour. If it had been a turnkey job, he adds, the cost would have been

one-and-a-half or two times greater, because of the unusually difficult coordination task involved. Of course there are risks involved, he agrees; "but that's what engineers are there for. We're willing to take the risk."

One final factor in Arabair Services' favour, says Mr. Ghandour, is that Jordan is the most airminded and aviation-aware country in the Middle East (with one possible exception). This awareness gives airline and consultant a head start - and it emanates from the King himself. He becomes involved in meetings to the same extent as any rank-and-file engineer, showing an excellent grasp of detail -- "which," says Mr. Ghandour, "can be most embarrassing to anyone who hasn't done their homework."

-- Airports International magazine

Randa Habibs

Light-fingered lunchers

The owner of a deluxe restaurant in Amman was talking to me the other day about his exasperation with his customers, who were "borrowing" from the restaurant ashtrays, glasses, salt cellars, and so on. This gentleman, wanting to do things well, has chosen beautiful glass and china for his restaurant, and as a result it

This is a symptom that is well known all over the world. Many are those who fall into the temptation, at least once in their life, of taking with them from a hotel where they spend their vacation, a clothes hanger, towel or other petty item. This practice may be childish, but so long as it stays within the limit of ashtrays, remains

However, many hotels are now taking precautions against this petty larceny. The clothes hangers cannot be removed and the lamp shades are not mobile...

I am told that in the United States a hotel which was losing bathrobes had the clever idea of putting the following sign in the bathrooms "If you like this bathrobe, take it." As a result, the hotel lost fewer and fewer bathrobes. The moral of the story is simple. Since the hotel administration was encouraging the customers to take the bathrobes, they were not interested in them

And this is the advice I have given to my friend the restaurant owner. If the glasses are offered to the clients, they will not disappear any more.

Alternatively, he could print on all removable items the following slogan (which I have seen in European restaurants) "I was stolen from X restaurant". It would be free advertisement, at least,

GUEST COMMENTARY

Poor little rich kids

By Dr. Sue Dahdah

At the present time in Jordan, a segment of society is becoming more and more affluent. The people comprising this segment are the pace-setters -the people others try to imitate and emulate. This is progress -- and progress is good.

However, there are some drawbacks. One of these is the loss of traditional customs. manners, and values. Some people might say, "So, what? Who needs old customs and values? They hinder progress." But the old traditions also provide the solid foundation on which a country builds its future and future generation of

Today some people are very busy with material possessions and social activities. Children are being given every gadget and toy on the market, but many are being given less and less real attention from their parents. Television and videos

. Cairo (RJ)

.. Aqaba (RJ)

. Baghdad (RJ) Beirut (RJ)

_ Cairo (RJ)

Bahrain, Doba (RJ) Abu Dhabi (RJ)

are the first teachers the children have, as many parents use them increasingly as babysitters. Instead of a cosy bedtime story, children have video games.

Servants are perhaps the most negative contribution to the loss of values. Servants are usually good, well-meaning people, but most of them come from other countries. So, many children are being taught the values of other cultures instead of their own. Not only are they losing the manners and the values of their own country, they are losing the language as well. Many of the maids speak only very broken English and no Arabic; therefore children are. not using their native language and are learning pidgin English instead. Maids supervise many children's waking hours, their food, their play, and their bedsome kind of social activity. I am not suggesting that

people give up their maids and cooks or their fun. Servants help make life easier, and why should anyone have to scrub floors and dust when they can hire someone to do it for them? I am suggesting, however, that more parents should spend more quality time with their children - talk to them, take them places, read them stories, supervise their food and meals, and supervise their dress. Parents shouldn't give up all responsibility just because they can afford servants to do the menial chores. Children, even in this day of gadgets, material possessions, and affluence, still need the personal, loving attention that only a parent can give. Many children today are indeed "poor little rich kids"

The author is director of the Abdul Hamid Sharaf School, Amman.

668411

. 23230

661001 . 23024

. 2927

.. 480 / 400 240 / 200 500 / 400

80 / 60 110 / 80

450 / 350

TV & RADIO

JORDAN TELEVISION MAIN CHANNEL

.... Cartoos The Munch Bunch Nana An .. Big Blue Marble .. Local Programme News in Arabic Arabic Play News in Arabic FOREIGN CHANNEL

French Programme
...... News in French
..... News in Hebrew ... News in English Movie of the Week: "War Bri-RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM

& partly on 9560 KHz, SW ... Morning Show

10-05	Pop Session
12-00	News Summar
12.05	Pon Session
12.00	Pop Session
13,00	Des Carries
13:05	Pop Session
14:00	News Bulletin
1618	Isstrumental
14:30	Young Soun
15:00	Concert Hou
26.00	News Summar
	Instrumentals, Old Favourite
20.40	Committee Des Continue
. 17500	Special Feature, Pop Session
18:00	News Summar
18:05	Story Time
18:30	Music Maker
19:00	
19.30	
26-00	Evening Show
21-60	News Summar
71-50	Evening Show
	War Carre
_2200	News Sommary
Z3:00	News Summar
24:00	News Headlines, Sign Of
	•

BBC WORLD SERVICE 639, 720, 1413 KH:

acco Newsdesk 06:30 International

19:10 Magazine Show 19:36 Special English News and Festures

FOREIGN CHANNEL

20:35 21:10 .

87:30

... Priday Special News Summary 14-66 ... Jordan Weekly Catch the Words 14:30 News State

16:05 ... Instru 17:98 18:05 19:00 19:30

Doctor at Large ... In Concer Just a Minute News Summary News Sum Over a Cup of Tea Headlines, Sign Off

SERVICE CLUBS

Lions Amenium Clab. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Tyche Hotel, 1.30 p.m. Lious Phitsdelphia Clab. Meetings

Llous Philadelphia Caso. Macangacery second and fourth Wednesday at the Amanan Marriott Hotel. 1.30 pm. Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn. 1:30 p.m.
Rotary Chib. Meetings every Tuesday
at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00 p.m.
Royal Automobile Chib. Jabal Amman,
Eighth Circle. Tel. 815261.

MUSEUMS

Folkiere Museum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 51760.

Jordan Archaeological Masseum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m.

Jordan National Gallery: Contains a col-Jorean Numer Canery: Contains a col-lection of paintings, ceramics, and scu-lpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Mustazah, Jabal orientalist artists. Mentazah, Jabal Lawelbdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. - 6.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 30128.

Military Mesesten: Collection of military memorabilis dating from the Arab Revok of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours 9 a.m. - 4 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel. 664240. Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 150 year old items such as costumes,

weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m.

Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 37169.

CHURCHES

. St. Joseph Churck (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, tel. 24590. Church of the Anamolation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeh, 37440. De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic)

Orthodox) Abdali, 23541. Anglican Church (Church of the Redcemer) Jabal Amman, 43453. 71331. nian Orthodox Church Ashrafich

752. Robraina Church (Syrian Orthodox) Ashrafish, 71751. Asamaa International Church (Interdenominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani, 663249.

PRAYER TIMES

..... (Storrise) Sharuq Dhuhr 'Asr 04:39 15:13 .

AMMAN ATRPORT

FOR THE TRAVELLER

19:50

Cairo (EA)

This information is supplied by Alia information department at Amman Airport tel. 92205-6, where it should always be

ARRIVALS

. Aqaba (RJ) amasucs (RJ) Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RJ) 09:30 Jeddah (RJ) Kuwait (RJ) Dhahran, Riyadh (SV . Kuwait (KAC) Lamaka (RJ) Athens (RI) Aqaba (RJ) . New York, Vienna (RJ) 17:15 17:30 Helsinki, Berlin, Athens (Al 18:25 18:30 19:30 19:30 Tripoli (LN Baghdad (RJ) Cairo (RJ) 22-34

DEPARTURES

09:45

Cairo (RJ)
Damascus, Frankfurt (LH) 06:15 Damascus (RJ) . Beirut (MEA) 10:45 10:50 11:00 Ankara, Istanbul (TK) ... Amsterdam, New York (RJ) . Tripoli, Madrid (RJ) 11:15 11:30 Athens (GF 11:30 Geneva, Zurich (SR) ... Paris, London (KJ) 12:15 Lamaca (RJ) Frankfurt, Brussels (RJ)

Baghdad (RJ) Baghdad (IR) Karachi (LN) 20:30 21:10 **82**:15 02:20 .. Cairo (EA)

MONEY EXCHANGE

Local sell/buy rates in fils Italian lire (for 100) 24.5/ Japanese yen (for 100) 153.8/ Kuwaiti dinar 1225/ 1 ... 1225/ 1231.2 Oatari rival 97*.51* 98.3 Saudi riyal Swedish crown Swiss franc 174.5/ 175.5 Syrian lira UAE dirham 61.5/ .. 96.9/

.... 355.5/ 357.5

WEATHER Bulletin supplied by the Department of

Medium and high clouds will appear with light and variable winds changing northerly moderate. In Aqaba, it will be dusty, with southerly moderate winds becoming northerly moderate and seas

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 30, Aqaba 34. Humidity rea-dings: Amman 24 per cent. Aqaba 25

EMERGENCIES

time, while parents are inv-

olved either with work or with

.... 193, 75111 Firstaid, fire, police 199 . 75121 Blood bank Fire beadquarters .. Traffic police

HOSPITALS

Hussein Medical Centre ... 813813-32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Amman 44281-4 Akleh Maternity, J. Amman ... 42441 Jabal Amman Maternity 42362 Molbat J. Amman 325244 664171-4 Al-Mussher Hospital 60 The Islamic, Abdali Al-Ahli, Abdali Army, Marka ...

NIGHT DUTY

9131-T	GENERAL
845845	
667158	
67227-9	Jordan Television
665292	Radio Jordan 74111
664164	Ministry of Tourism 42311
77101-3	Hotel complaints 666412
. 75111	Price complaints 661176
. 91611	Telephone:
	Information
	Jordan and Middle East calls 10
	Overseas calls
	C-tll

Dr. Hagi Gharaybeh

Dr. Azzam Al Madani 85238

MARKET PRICES

USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS.

Safa oharmacy

Barq taxi

Asfour taxi

Tareq taxi

Apple (American) . 500 / 450 230 / 200 Marrow (large) Marrow (small) . 500 / 450 Banana (Mukammar) Beans (broad) Beets Capliflower (white) 280 / 200 Cucumber (large) Cucumber (small) 120 / 180 Eggplant (large) 270 / 200 Garlic (green)

Quion (dry) 100 / 80 240 / 200 200 / 100 200 / 160 900 / 800 Pepper (Sweet)
Pepper (Hot Green)
Plums 400 / 300 440 / 360 280 / 200 Radish 850 / 700

Cairo (RJ) Jeddah, Medina (SV) London (RJ) Madrid (RJ) **08:30**

12:10

12:15

250 / 200

ARRIVALS

Cairo (EA) . Aqaba (RJ) ... Cairo (RJ) Abu Dhabi (RJ) Ras Al Khaima, Dubai (RJ) Jeddah (RJ) Kowait (RJ) Cairo (EA) London (BA)

16:39 Brussels, Frankfurt (RJ) 16:45 Aqaba (RJ) 17:00 Cairo (EA) terdam (R.I) . Cairo (RJ) ... Zurich. Athens (SR) 21:20 Cairo (RJ) 24:00 Baghdad (RJ) Cairo (EA) OI:10

15:35

16:15

DEPARTURES . Cairo (RJ)

....... Athens, Copenhagen (RJ) Cairo (RJ) Moscow (SU) 14:00 14:15 Dar e-salam (BA) 16:00 16:50 Medina, Jeddah (SV) Cairo (EA) 18:10 Baghdad (RJ) ... Kuwait (RJ) 19:00 Bahrain, Dobs (RJ) 19:15 19:48 Abu Dhabi (RJ) ... Cairo (RJ)

... Athens, Berlin, Helsinki (RJ)

Geneva, Frankfurt (RJ)

... Cairo (ÉA)

FOR FRIDAY

JORDAN TELEVISION MAIN CHANNEL

Children's Programme Popeye une on Sports & Spece Religious Programme Target... The Impossible 11:18 .. Local Play 1431 Harper Valley Hawai Five-0 16:16 Religious Program 17:30 . News in Arabic 20:30 . Arabic Senes

.. News in Arabic

18:08 French Programme (leature film) News in French News in Hebrew Tales of the Unexpected .. News in English Fakon Crest 22:15

RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM & parity on 9560 KHz, SW News Summary Morning Show inteners' Choice

30-Minute Theatre . Top Twenty News Desk First Spin .. Music Makers 20:00 20:30 21:30 22:19 23:18

BBC WORLD SERVICE 639, 720, 1413 KHz

96:09 Newsdeak 96:30 Country Style 96:45 Financial News 96:55 Reflections 97:00 World News 97:09 24 Hours News ummary 07:30 Marital Rites 07:45 The World Today 88:00 Newsdesk 88:09 Programme Cancelled 88:30 Arranged For the Piano 99:00 World News 99:09 24 Hours: News Summary 09:30 Sing, Sing, Sing 09:45 Merchant Navy Pro-gramme 10:00 World News 10:00 Refgramme 10:00 World News 10:09 Ref-lections '40:15 World Service Short Story 10:30 Thirty Minute Theatre 11:00 World News 11:09 British Press Review 11:15 The World Today 11:30 Financial News 11:49 Look Ahead 11:45 Big Band Sound 12:15 Business Matters 12:30 The Way of the Cross 13:00 World News 13:00 News about Britain 13:15 In the Meaning 13:25

in Germany 14:00 Jazz Score 14:15 Jazz for the Asking 14:45 Sports Round-up 15:00 World News 15:09 24 Hours:
News Summary 15:30 With Great Pleasure 16:15 Letterbox 16:30 The Art of
Daniel Barenboim 16:45 Programme
Cancelled 17:00 Radio Newsreel 17:15 Outlook 18:00 World News 18:09 Commentary 18:15 Science in Action 18:45 The World Today 19:00 World News; 19:69 Sarah and Company 19:40 Book Choice 19:45 Sports Round-up 26:60 World News 28:69 News about Britain 20:15 Radio Newsroel 20:36 Counterpart 21:96 Outlook 21:39 Stock
Market Report 21:43 Look Ahead 22:69
World News 22:69 24 Hours News
Summary 22:39 Six by Kipling 23:60
Network U.K. 23:15 Music Now 23:45

Grand National Review 24:00 World News 00:09 The World Today 00:25 The

Ulster Newsletter 13:30 A Small Town

Week in Wales 00:30 Financial News 00:45 Sports Round-up 01:00 World News 01:09 Commentary 01:15 From the Weeklies 01:30 What Makes a Mil-

AMMAN AIRPORT

09:15 09:30 11:10

SPORTS

FISA rejects Williams appeal

PARIS (R) - International motor racing's governing body FISA Wednesday rejected an appeal by the Williams Formula One team against Finland's Keke Rosberg's disqualification in the Brazilian Grand Prix in March.

A FISA spokesman said that the Williams appeal had been rejected and that the details of the decision would be given later.

Rosberg, reigning world champion, had been disqualified from second place in the Brazilian Grand Prix on March 13 when the stewards there ruled that his mechanies had broken the rules when they push-started his car after a

Rosberg had recovered from a from the Williams team.

brief electrical fire in his Williams returned to the track in Ninth pos-

But a brilliant piece of driving brought him up to second place at the finishing line behind Brazilian Nelson Piquet in a Brabham.

FISA's decision Wednesday means that Rosberg remains eighth in the current World Championship standings after four races. In equal first place are piquet and France's Alain Prost.

The committee hearing the appeal started meeting Tuesday morning but did not take a final decision until Wednesday. No immediate reaction was available

during the crucial pit-stop. He Rosberg were involved in an appeal to FISA over the previous Brazilian Grand Prix in 1982.

Rosberg and Piquet were disqualified following a complaint by the Renault and Ferrari teams that their cars were underweight according to Grand Prix regulations.

FISA upheld the disqualifications and a Paris civil court rejected a request by the Williams team to have the results of that race suspended. Rosberg, 34, won his World

Championship title last year by consistent driving rather than a string of victories. His only win was the Swiss Grand Prix held at

fights against Sweden's Ingemar Johansson between 1959 and years since former world heavyweight champion Floyd Pat-1961 has long since faded. But the terson retired from the ring, but he mental scars of his devastating. remains one of boxing's greatest defeat in their first meeting are still vivid.

At 21 he became the youngest "Physical injuries don't mean man ever to win the heavyweight anything compared to mental feelings." Patterson told Reuters durcrown, but 30 months later he was so crushingly defeated that his ing a visit to London, where he is offering his advice and experience courage and ability were queto Britain's latest heavyweight Yet he came back after a year to prospect, Frank Bruno.

He recalls his boxing thoughts regain the title with such a display of punching power that press and and memories with calm delpublic wondered how he had ever iberation, but at times reveals a curious and quirky sensitivity to attempts to analyse his career or

West German Open

being beaten by qualifier Eddie

Gomez, beaten 6-1, 6-3, was

one of three seeds who slumped to

surprise first round defeats Tue-

Frenchman Henri Leconte,

seeded 15th, went out 7-6, 6-2 to

Pavel Slozil of Czechoslovakia

while American Mel Purcell, see-

only after struggling for nearly two-and-a-half hours against

Elter, rated 78th in the world.

raced away to take the first set 6-1

before Edmondson levelled the tie

West German Peter Elter.

Edwards of South Africa.

Seeds fall in

For Patterson, now 48, the physical pain of those memorable title

sday.

'Unless you've walked in my detta, you would think we had a experienced, don't talk for me, I resent it." he says. He is quietly proud of what he

Patterson still baffles boxing world

has done for boxing since his retirement. As athletic commissioner the hardest of his life. for his home state of New York, he is deeply involved in the organisation of amateur boxing. He also finances and runs a boxing club where he has trained more than 1,000 young fighters over the past 10 years.

His pride in his achievements in the ring is of a different kind, almost defensive. "Most of the guys that I've fought were much stronger than I was. It was my ability and my speed that won the fight, not my strength. What good is a punch if you can never land it?" Apart from Johansson, only

three men have beaten Patterson. HAMBURG, West Germany (R) Joey Maxim beat him on points, - Andres Gomez of Ecaudor. Sonny Liston knocked him out seeded number nine, crashed out twice and his two fights with Muhof the West German Open Tennis ammad Ali were stopped. "I was Championship here Tuesday after on my feet," Patterson says.

Few would deny that he is recognised as one of boxing's greatest ambassadors. "I have never said anything derogatory about any of my opponents," he says. But the bitter memory of his

humiliating defeat by Johansson is enough to make him drop his mild-mannered, diplomatic "Of all the opponents I have

ded 14th, lost to his compatriot Jimmy Brown 2-6, 6-2, 6-3. Australia's Mark Edmondson fought. I have never disliked one as much as I disliked Ingemar Johwas one seed who did survive--but ansson," Patterson says.

The Swede knocked him down seven times in the third round before the fight was stopped. "I did not like him," Patterson

adds, "not because of what he did to me but because of all the things he said about me afterwards." "He said that I couldn't punch, that I couldn't fight. When you

beat someone, isn't that enough?" Patterson admits that the shame

of losing the title, and of the manner in which he lost it, drove him into hiding. He took refuge from an incredulous press and public by secluding himself in a remote mountain training camp in Con-necticut, where he began preparing for his re-match with Joh-

He says he now knows his exopponent well and likes him but the memory of what was said

"Here was a man that I didn't even know. You would think this

guy and me had a private ven-

shoes and experienced what I've private relationship or something," he says.

The nine months before his victorious second meeting with Johansson, were, he recalls, some of

Patterson fells Johansson

He remembers saying to himself on the day of the fight: "I may not win tonight, probably get knocked out again, probably get beat, but there's one thing you can be sure about, I'm going to prove to him that I'm a better fighter than he thought.

Patterson felled Johansson with a left hook in the fifth round which left the Swede unconscious for eight minutes.

Nine months later, in their third fight, he knocked him out again and his position as undisputed world heavyweight champion was once again secure.

Patterson started boxing at the age of 14 "just for something to do" while living as one of a large family in a black ghetto in New York.

"In the ghettos you have alcohol, crime, narcotics and boxing. You have a choice. I chose box-

ing," he says. He speaks of boxing, with all the vehemence of a social crusader, as a means of escape for those born in the ghettos.

Many of them succeed but most of them don't. But it does change their lives. Boxing changes lives. Even if you never win a title, even if you never make a good fighter, boxing will change your life to the point that it will better

it." he says. A reminder that there are those who would like to see boxing abolished because of the danger of death and injury draws a surprising outburst from the softly-

spoken former champion. "Who are these people that say it's barbaric sport? I'll tell you who they are. They are white collar workers, people who have never even seen the ghettos, much less lived there."

"They're the dictators. They're the ones who sit behind their desks, smoke their cigars with their white shirts and neckties on and say "I feel this, I feel that, I feel the other."

"Don't take boxing away," he pleads. "I say look what it's done for me. My whole life I owe to

But as New York State Athletic

boxing safety rules should be improved and standardised to reduce the risk of death or serious injury.

Patterson, who during his career seemed to fear words more than punches, also thinks fighters should not publicly discuss their opponents.

"I don't believe in talking, because you talk, you talk, you talk, and then you go out there and you get knocked out. So don't say anything. Whatever I said I said to myself," he says.

Although he says he respects all his opponents, his own boxing favourite is Joe Louis. "The greatness of a champion is not just what he does inside the ring but also how he carries himself outside." he says.

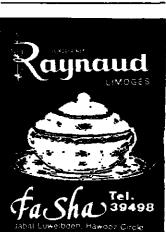
"Boxing is not an easy sport," he adds. "It's very difficult to keep hungry. If you don't have a love for the sport and you lose your hunger. You're not going anywhere.

Patterson believes former world heavyweight champion Muhammad Ali will have difficulty in coping with retirement and will miss the adulation of a boxing public which is single-minded in its desire to watch only champions.

He says television's present interest in big-money title fights has also ignored the fact that the number of boxers in the world has fallen dramatically over the past 30

"There has been a tremendous change simply because we don't have the fighters around that we once had." Patterson says.

Current champions now face far ess competition than champions 30 years ago. "Then you had heavyweights all over the world," Pat-. terson says, "and the more competition, the better the fighter."



Swiss soccer hopes suffer severe setback

INTERLAKEN, Switzerland (R) - Switzerland, battling to qualify for the European Soccer Championship finals in France next year, saw their hopes recede further when two more key players were ruled out due to injuries.

Goalkeeper Erich Burgener and sweeper Alain Geiger, bothfrom Servette Geneva, have failed to pass fitness tests and have been omitted from the squad nominated for Saturday's vital match against East Germany in Berne. Two other regulars. Zurich's

rugged defender Heinz Luedi and midfielder Hans-Peter Zwicker. are also sidelined through injuries and were not included in the squad by coach Paul Wolfisberg. Zurich Grasshopper goa-Ikeeper Roger Berbig comes in for Burgener who would have cel-

ebrated his 60th cap and St. Gallen defender beat Rietmann and Grasshopper's midfielder Marcel

FURNISHED FLATS FOR RENT

Fully-furnished flats with two and one bedrooms respectively, balconies, colour TV, fridge, cooker, carpets, utensils and central heating. Near 5th Circle Please call 43768 - Amman

after 2 p.m.

telephone and garden.

Koller have been pulled out of the under-21 team to join the squad with Zurich midfielder Erni Mai-

Switzerland, who have three points from three games in Group One, must win their remaining three matches including a home tie against leaders Belgium who have maximum points from four matches while Scotland must beat Belgium at home to ensure a Swiss presence in France.

Cruyff to leave Ajax

AMSTERDAM (R) — Former Dutch soccer international Johan Cruyff will leave Ajax Amsterdam on July 1, club chairman Anton Harmsen said Wednesday.

Harmsen told reporters that

negotiations with Cruyff's business manager Hans Muller on a new contract for the 36-year-old midfielder ended without result Tuesday. Cruyff rejoined Ajax, where he

began his professional career, in December 1981. Press reports quoted Cruyff as saying Ajax had avoided discussing the financial aspects of a new contract. The player had now

decided to look for another club. Cruyff has said he only wants to play one more season, and preferably in the Netherlands, Rep orts said that Feyenoord Rot-terdam were interested in signing Cruyff as well as several other European clubs.

Bulgaria, Hungary in the running for boxing medals

lost it.

VARNA, Bulgaria (R) — East Raubo. Europeans booked six of the eight But 1 medal places in the flyweight and welterweight divisions at the European Amateur Boxing Cha-

mpionships Tuesday. Bulgaria's Olympic gold medallist and defending European champion Peter Lessov reached the semifinals of the flyweight (51 kgs) category with an easy 5-0 win

over Italy's Damiano Laureta. Lessov, 23, a professional soldier and former European junior champion, was rarely troubled by the Italian and coasted to victory keeping his best for later bouts.

Olympic bronze medallist Janos Varadi of Hungary, cruised to his semifinal berth in the division with similar ease, outpointing Ireland's Gerry Dubby. Another former European junior champion, Ras- of Yugoslavia, East Germany's hid Kabirov of the Soviet Union also scored a straight 5-0 win over world championship bronze med-Polish newcomer Zbigniew allist, and Czech Pavol Madura.

(R) — A knee injury has forced

Marvin Hagler, the world mid-

dleweight boxing champion, to

postpone his scheduled title def-

ence against (fellow-American

Wilford Scypion here Thursday, it

But fight promoter Bob Arum

said the injury was not serious and

the bout would probably be res-

cheduled for May 26 or May 27.

professors housing quarter.

According to doctor Charles

was announced Wednesday.

Hagler title defence postponed PROVIDENCE, Rhode Island mpion suffered the injury last week while wearing combat boots

on a training run on a Cape Cod

But Romania's defending Eur-

open silver medallist Constantine

Titoiu had the easiest passage sto-

pping East Germany's Wolfgang

Ireland's Kieran Joyce and

Italy's Luciano Bruno pierced

East Europe's dominance by rea-

ching the welterweight (67 kgs)

semifinals along with Pyotr Galkin

of the Soviet Union and Rom-

Earlier Yuri Alexandrov of the

Soviet Union, the reigning world

bantamweight champion, was

among the first four boxers to

clinch semifinal places at the cha-

The others were former Eur-

opean silver medallist Sami Buzoli

Klaus Dieter Kirchstein, the 1982

Prosch in the first round.

ania's Mihai Ciubotaru.

moionships.

A row has flared over the distance the fight should go. The World Boxing Council (WBC). which has imposed 12-round limits on title fights, wants the fight reduced from 15 rounds, the distance for World Boxing Ass-

ociation (WBA) title bouts. The WBC had threatened to Parsons, Hagler has inflamed the strip Hagler of his crown, but on tendon of his left knee which res-Tuesday President Jose Sulaiman said if Hagler won he would retain tricts his movement. Arum said the world's only undisputed chahis WBC title.

by winning the second 6-4. The pair battled for victory in the final set before Edmondson clinched the match by winning the tie break

Rosewall beats

Fraser

KOBE, Japan (R) - Veteran Ken Rosewall of Australia beat his compatriot Neale Fraser 6-0, 7-6 on the opening day of a \$200,000 international tennis tournament

here Wednesday. The victory put 48-year-old Rosewall in the semi-finals of the men's singles, which will be in Tokyo on Saturday.

Leigh Thompson of the United States beat Carling Bassett of Canada 6-2, 6-1 in another match.

TO LEASE

Furnished room with kitchenette and a small veranda. Centrally heated, with hot water. Location: Jabal Amman, Third Circle.

Please call: Tel. 43429.

FOR RENT

Unfurnished first floor with two bedrooms, sitting room, dining room, kitchen, two bathrooms and servant's room, with central heating and telephone. Located in Jabal Amman, 2nd Circle. For more information please call:

> 43778 from 2-4 p.m. and 6:30 - 8:30 p.m. and all day Fridy.

TWO FURNISHED FLATS FOR RENT

FURNISHED VILLA FOR RENT

Consisting of three bedrooms, salon, sitting and dining

rooms, modern kitchen, two bathrooms, central heating,

Location - Jabal Amman 7th Circle

Umm Al Summak - please tel: 811112

Semi-villa furnished, consisting of two bedrooms, salon, dining room, two bathrooms, and spacious kitchen.

2. Consisting of one bedroom, salon, dining room, bathroom and kitchen, with furnished.

Each flat has an independent entrance, garden, central heating. Location: Shmeisani near the Yugoslavian embassy tel: 661658

NEW FURNISHED FLAT FOR RENT

FURNISHED APARTMENT

A newly deluxe furnished apartment, comprising two bedrooms, two bathrooms, fully equipped kitchen, big sitting room and dining room. Centrally heated with private telephone. Location: Jordan University

Please tel: 841545

Consisting of two bedrooms, sitting room, living room, dining room and porch, with separate central heating, telephone, garden and garage. Please tel:

841859 after 2 p.m.

EMBASSY OF INDIA REQUIRE A

Translator (Arabic-English)-cum-typist. Fluency in English essential. Candidates to report at 10:00 hrs. to Embassy, 1st Circle, Jabal Amman on 15.5.83, Tel. 37262.

VACANCY .

Diplomatic mission has vacancy for a clerk-typist with very good knowledge of English and Arabic. English typing speed minimum 45 words per minute. Apply in writing to Personnel Office, P.O. Box 354, Amman, giving phone number if available.

FURNISHED FLAT FOR RENT

Consisting of three bedrooms, three salons, three bathrooms, two verandas comprising an overall area of 250 sq. metres. Modern furniture, telephone, central heating and other accessories and utilities included. Location: Jabal Amman between Fourth and Fifth circles behind Mr. Zaid Rifa'i's house.

Tel: 43913 Amman

FURNISHED FLAT FOR RENT

Consisting of one bedroom, salon, sitting room, dining room, and other modern utilities with central heating.

Location: Umm Uthaina - behind Shmeisani petrol station

Tel: 815033 after 3:00 p.m.

A furnished new house consisting of two bedrooms, dining room, sitting room, modern kitchen and two bathrooms, with telephone and central heating.

Location: Opposite Shmeisani Bookshop Tel: 663981

FOR RENT

FURNISHED HOUSE FOR RENT

One bedroom, one living and dining room, kitchen and bathroom, centrally heated and colour TV.

Location behind Al Dustour newspaper, near the French School.

> Tel: 662239 - 8:30 - 14 hours 667072 - 15:00 - 19 hours

FOR RENT

Deluxe furnished villa with telephone and central heating in a calm residential area, consisting of three bedrooms, salon, dining and sitting rooms, large kitchen and storage room, two bathrooms. Basement 50m2 with bathroom, garage and large garden.

Location: Royal Scientific Society employees housing compound tabarbour, five minutes drive from Al Hussein Sports

> For sale: Toyota Corolla 1978 Tel: 669023 after 3 p.m. Fridays - all day.

INTERNATIONAL-JORDANIAN FESTIVAL

American Community School, 8th Circle

Friday, May 13, 10 a.m. - 4 p.m.

Join the Jordanian Army Band, Flying Falcons, Jordan Intercontinental, Regency Palace, Marriott, Holiday Inn Hotels, embassies, craft artists, charity organisations, Alia Folklore Troupe - for an exciting day. Raffle prizes also instore. Games for children and good food. Entry: Adults 300 fils, children 200 fils

TWO FURNISHED FLATS FOR RENT

A two-bedroom furnished flat with salon, sitting roc..., dining room, two verandas, two bathrooms. Central heating and separate telephone. Total area:

190 sq. metres. 2. A three-bedroom furnished flat: Salon, sitting room, dining room, two verandas, three bathrooms, large kitchen Central heating and separate telephone. Total area: 245 sq. metres.

Location: Jabal Amman - 2nd Circle - Lebanese Embassy by-street-2nd turn right.

For further information Call telephone no. 25145/41412

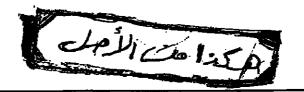
HAYA ARTS CENTRE

And in co-operation with Goethe Institute and Lufthhanza

presents

The Magic Show for families and children with the German magician Fred Maro at Prince Ali Outdoor Theatre Thursday 12-5-1983 and for three days, 4.30 p.m.

Tickets JD 1



targets with IMF

BRASILIA (R) — Brazil, trying to avoid open default on foreign debts of nearly \$90 billion, will try to renegotiate economic targets agreed with the International Monetary Fund (IMF) for the first quarter of this year, a central bank spokesman said Tuesday.

Commercial banking sources said the IMF could delay paying out the second tranche of a three-year, \$4.9 billion financing facility for Brazil if the negotiations failed.

The IMF approved the facility on Feb. 28. About \$140 million was disbursed in March and a second tranche of \$411 million was due at the end of May, the central bank spokesman said.

Brazil has had great difficulty meeting economic targets set with

the IMF for the first quarter of the year, particularly those involving inflation, public sector deficit, monetary expansion and balance of payments, government sources said.

Inflation was running at a rate of 117 per cent in the 12 months to the end of April, while the target for the year as a whole was between 85 and 90 per cent.

Brazil has said its calculations were upset by a 23 per cent devaluation of the cruzeiro on Feb. 18 and by the slowness of international banks in putting up short term financing.

LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON (R) - The market closed mixed in much calmer trading after Tuesday's nervous sell off reflecting election uncertainties, dealers said. At 1500 the F.T. index was down 3.2 at

Equity leaders were mixed with ICI 2p down 448 and Glaxo 10p off at 875 but Plessey and Thorn were both 3p up while Bowater met renewed speculative demand to go 6p higher at 193. Government bonds were irregular but closed with net rises ranging to about 4 point despite disappointment at U.K. central government borrowing requirement data for April, dealers said.

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Wednesday.

1,5675/85 One sterling 2.0365/75

ıd

7.3430/60 1452.25/1453.25 231:20/35 7.0710/0776

One ounce of gold 442.75/443.50

U.S. dollars Canadian dollars West German marks **Dutch** guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire

Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns U.S. dollars



Uncle Stanley, tell me again about the Little Engine That Could Until They Cut His Budget."

Brazil to renegotiate | U.S. bid to solve world trade problems wins backing

PARIS (R) — A U.S. bid to solve the world's trade problems by easing protectionism and developing country debt problems won support Wednesday from major Western countries despite a French boycott, a top U.S. government

Treasury Secretary Donald Regan told reporters after a meeting Wednesday between trade and finance ministers or deputies from eight industrial nations, "we are disappointed France couldn't see its way to be there."

The meeting, attended by the U.S., Japan, West Germany, Canada, Italy, Britain, Switzerland and The Netherlands, was the first of its kind and followed talks on the world economy at the Organisation of Economic Coo-peration and Development economic world bodies — the Int-ernational Monetary Fund (IMF).

move into

Italian oil

ROME (R) — An important Italian oil refining company, Amoco Italiana, Wednesday announced

that it had been sold by its parent, Standard Oil of Indiana, to two Saudi Arabian-controlled com-

Industry sources said the acq-

uisition by the First Arabian Cor-

poration and Arabian Sea Oil rep-

esented the first move by Arab

interests into the Italian oil ref-

They said the purchase ill-

ustrated the determination of oil

producing countries to gain gre-

ater control of downstream ope-

rations during the current oil glut.

a large refinery at Cremona in nor-

thern Italy and controls some three per cent of the national mar-

ket for refined oil products, said

the company's entire stock had

been bought by the two Saudi con-

The statement gave no financial

Company sources said the deal

reholders' meeting within the next three weeks which would also

approve a change in Amoco's

Amoco operates a chain of

1,100 petrol stations in Italy. It

has a staff of about 600 people,

and registered a turnover of 1,100

billion lire (\$780 million) last

The statement said the current

board of directors would stay on,

but other people might eventually

TWO HUNDRED AND SEVEN

THE WORST TEAM IN THE

HISTORY OF BASEBALL!

TO NOTHING! WE HAVE

be added to it.

Peanuts

name to Tamoil Italiana.

Amoco Italiana, which operates

ining market.

market

Arabs

organised dinner Tuesday night as it believes the U.S. is trying to bypass normal mechanisms for preparing the annual economic summit in Williamsburg, Virginia.

No agreement was reached at Wednesday's talks on how the initiative should be followed up, but official sources said the issues raised are expected to feature prominently on the agenda at Williamsburg.

Of the countries attending Wednesday morning's talks, all but Switzerland and the Netherlands will be going to Williamsburg. British sources said they bel-

ieved the meeting would result in

for a 30 billion franc (about \$4

billion) loan from the European

Economic Community, French government spokesman Mr. Max

said community finance ministers

would meet on Monday to discuss

France's request but gave no det-

Mr. Gallo said Finance Minister

ails of the sum involved.

Gallo said.

France boycotted Wednesday's the General Agreement on Tariffs life a little easier if the dollar was a meeting and an informal U.S.- and Trade (GATT), and the little lower". OECD.

The heads of these three bodies, including IMF Managing Director Jacques De Larosiere, were at the

U.S. officials said the Reagan administration's objective was to highlight the risks to economic recovery if conflicting aims of trade and finance policies are not

U.S. trade representative Mr. Bill Brock told reporters, "there is no way you can separate issues such as trade, protectionism, debt. interest rates and exchange rates." Mr. Regan and Mr. Brock said that the countries represented had

repeated their concern about high U.S. interest rates and the strength of the dollar. Mr. Brock said"I would find my

France asks European

national assembly.

Earlier in Brussels, diplomats rency reserves would be rebuilt as

Jacques Delors had waited until has recouped almost as much in

community for \$4b loan

PARIS (R) - France has asked now to request the loan to allow currency reserves as it lost in def-

measures to be approved by the

Mr. Delors also wanted to ass-

ess how far France's foreign cur-

funds returned to France fol-lowing the March 21 realignment

of the European Monetary System

time for government austerity ending the franc before the latest

Financial sources said France munity members, would be able to draw on this facility, he said.

Mr. Regan conceded that "we too agree that high interest rates in the U.S. are causing the dollar to remain unusually strong," adding that a cut in the U.S. budget deficit might alleviate upward pressure on the dollar.

Mr. Brock said the burden for reducing the value of the dollar must be shared by other countries that need to re-order their own fiscal and monetary policies.

The Americans said they hoped Wednesday's session would be the first in a series of joint trade and finance minister sessions, but they said no date had been set for a second round.

European sources, however, said a late summer meeting was possible before the next IMF meeting in Washington next October.

Kuwait bourse could still play regional role

BAHRAIN (R) — Kuwait's stock market could still become a major source of funding for the Arab World, despite a \$90 billion crash last year, a Middle East financial expert said Tuesday.

The collapse of the unofficial Souk Al-Manakh stock market leaving a mountain of unpaid postdated cheques had caused huge disruption to the country's economy, Mr. John Hollis, assistant general manager of the Euro-Kuwaiti investment company, said.

But given the right conditions, the market could still play the same role for the Middle East as the London stock market did in financing development in the British empire in the late 19th century, he told a financial conference here.

One problem to be overcome was that the Kuwaiti market was dominated by massively wealthy speculators, with no element of cautious investors seeking an income from their investments, as in the world's more developed share markets.

As a result, he said, "when the market goes up, it goes like a rocket. When it comes down, it falls like a brick."

For Kuwait to become a responsible international stock market, such investors would have to take a more sober view of the returns to be expected from investment, Mr. Hollis said.

Another precondition was for the government to establish a comprehensive legal framework for the market, without stifling its working by over-reacting to last year's crash.

As well as bailing out small investors to the tune of 500 million Kuwaiti dinars (\$1.5billion), the government had so far spent some 600 million dinars (\$1.8 billion) supporting prices in the official stock exchange to maintain a measure of stability and confidence, Mr.

The support scheme was holding share values on the official market at probably around 20 per cent above their intrinsic values, he estimated.

Prices on the unofficial exchange, which developed largely to provide a market place for the shares of non-Kuwaiti firms and circumvent regulations governing the official market, had now probably reached the bottom of their decline.

The crash was prompted by growing realisation by investors that prices would have to double and redouble within a short time to enable them to honour the huge volume of postdated cheques written to finance the speculative binge.

Small debtors are being bailed out by the government, but the billion dollar speculators are being left to seek their own salvation.

Eight investors alone are thought to account for 60 per cent of the mountain of debt.

The government has implemented a scheme to value bankrupts' assets and repay their debtors before the assets are sold. But unravelling the vast web of interlocking debts is proving a

major complication, Mr. Hollis said. Another problem is that postdated cheques were also used to fuel a boom in real estate, often by the same people involved in the stock

While a legal framework has evolved to handle share debts, none yet exists for real estate. Mr. Hollis noted that a much lesser market crash in the late 1970s

HOROSCOPE NOT RECEIVED

had also been largely precipitated by the then illegal postdated cheques system.

West may block sale of industrial robots to USSR

TOKYO (R) — Western nations producing industrial robots are considering banning future sales of sophisticated models to the Soviet Union, Japanese industry sources said Wednesday.

The United States is believed to have urged countries such as Japan to add robots to the list of items whose export to the Soviet Union is supervised by the West's Paris-based trade Co-ordinating Committee (Cocom).

Details of discussions have not been made available to mances said, ar industry Wednesday refused comment.

The industry sources said they understand the U.S. wants to end. any transfers of technical information about high-performance robots, especially details of their control devices, or computer brains. Japanese robot experts believe the Soviets are years behind the West in robot technology but are about to embark on an expansion programme for their own industry.

They said the Soviet Union has adopted a plan to boost the number of robots in its factories from an estimated 3,000 at present to over 100,000, to equal the Japanese current figure.

This would help combat chronic Soviet problems of low industrial productivity and a lack of semi-skilled manpower, they said. Robots are used in Japan to assemble a wide range of products from batteries to cars, and even operate unmanned factories.

TO GET HIS ADVICE?

I WISH I COULD TALK

WITH THE MAN WHO

INVENTED BASEBALL..

Sugar prices soar in U.K.

LONDON (R) — Depressed sugar prices reached their highest level this year in London Tuesday, partly due to delays to beet sowing caused by bad weather in Europe.

Mr. Gallo said the community

was to make three billion European Currency Units (ECUS),

about \$2.8 billion, available for investment in industry and job

France, as well as other com-

A survey of leading producer countries by Reuter correspondents showed that one of the wettest Aprils on record has hit beet plantings and will reduce

In London, raw sugar futures were up by around £3 per tonne (about 0.2 cents a pound) in the first 10 minutes of trading, although they eased slightly later. ched a high of £155.50 a tonne (11.1 cents a pound).

Sugar prices have been low due to a world sugar surplus and reduced consumption.

Sugar industry sources in Britain, France and West Germany said bad weather had delayed pla-

A spokeswoman for the French beet planters' confederation said yields were certain to be hit by the weather, even if all intended beet sowings were completed.

NO. TO APOLOGIZE!

THE Daily Crossword by Bernice Gordon

in USSR

52 Poet -

57 Son of

58 Lucille's

61 City in

discord

63 First name

music

areas 22 Footnote

abbr.

25 Annoy per

26 Wild dog

27 Increase

29 Kite

31 Bird of

35 Caucho

prey 32 Emulated

Mata Hari

appeased

38 That can be

Was of

importance 41 Shoestring

42 "Father of

46 Motives 48 Terry of

50 Dressed

51 Plexus

Television³ 44 Sign of

sistently

the scope

for Burl?

party 20 Elects to 64 Oliver and 41 Bowline alleys 42 Swiss city office 65 Beach sight Snakes 43 Tailboard in England 23 Dander 24 City on the Nile 45 Seared 47 Tell **DOWN** 1 Norse god 2 Arabian Yesterday's Puzzle Solved: 3 Ott and 5 Light color

26 Shrink

names

33 Aplaries

34 Attracted

er's work 37 Pindar's

38 Chef's

36 Cartograph

creation

Riblical

40 Brown of

ACROSS

Beats it

10 Bistro

14 Small

15 Wystan

Hugh -

17 Lunchroom

19 Member of a British

for Gene?

Lat. 8 Colloid 10 Relative of a bean 11 Hard return

53 Water plant 54 River Into the Rhine 55 Chang or Eng 56 Otherwise 59 Abet's

©1983 Tribune Company Syndicate, Inc.

Mutt 'n' Jeff



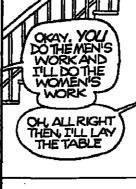




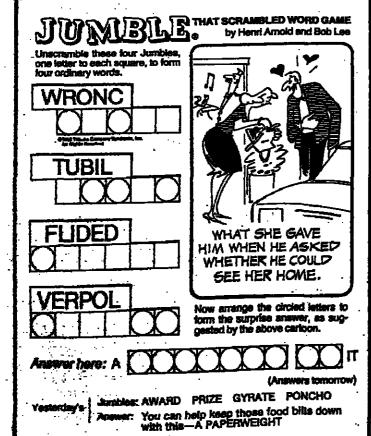
Andy Capp











Apartheid bulwark keeps power

JOHANNESBURG (R) — The leading right-wing opponent of South African government plans to extend political rights to some non-whites held his parliamentary seat Wednesday in one of three by-elections.

Conservative Party leader Andries Treumicht retained his Northern Transvaal seat of Waterberg with a handsome majority over his ruling Nationalist Party opponent.

Mr. Treurnicht, dubbed the high priest of apartheid, quit the party of Prime Minister P.W. Botha last year with 17 other members of parliament opposed to any dilution of white supremacy.

In another contest, in the plush Pretoria suburb of Waterkloof, the Nationalists beat off an antiapartheid challenge to its controversial plans for constitutional reform. The third result, from the hardline Northern Transvaal seat of Soutpansberg, was expected later Wednesday.

The elections were regarded by both right and left as a stiff test of the government's proposals. These would give a limited measure of power to Asians and coloureds (people of mixed race) although ignoring the blacks who form 70 per cent of the pop-

Mr. Treumicht won 5,706 votes against the Nationalist candidate's 3,812 and the 2,639 votes of the ultra-right Herstigte National Party (HNP) leader Jaap

The Conservative Party leader. who held Waterberg for 11 years before quitting Mr. Botha's party, increased his majority to 1,894 from 1,461 in the 1981 gen-

In Waterkloof, Nationalist candidate Org Marais held the seat with 6,917 votes. The antiapartheid Progressive Federal Party (PFP) had been widely tipped to win but managed to muster only 4,886 votes.

The suburban Pretoria constituency had been vacated by Tom Langley, who is standing against Manpower Minister Fanie Botha in Soutpansberg, near the Zimbabwe border.

Tuesday's by-elections were caused by Manpower Minister Botha, who issued a challenge to Mr. Treurnicht and Langley to stand for re-election with him three months ago in a test of support for the government's reform

Prime Minister Botha has pro-

parliament in favour of a threechamber parliament for whites, ested. coloureds and Indians and an executive president.

A close finish is predicted in Soutpansberg. The manpower minister refused to comment on his chances of re-election after at the same time and later relpolling ended Tuesday night but eased, told reporters that after Langley was optimistic of winning. being questioned he said he would

"If it goes as we think it will go," then we will have struck a blow for conservatism, the white man and black policeman who told me my

supporters. A fourth test of strength, for a seat in the Transvaal Provincial council, ended in victory for the Nationalists, despite a strong right-wing challenge.

The Nationalist candidate held the provincial seat of Carltonville, a mining town south-west of Joh-

annesburg. Police investigation

PRETORIA (R) — Police said Wednesday they were investigating the death of a black farmworker who died while in custody during inquiries into cattle

mised to scrap South Africa's seven, was found dead in his cell in had been call whites-only Westminster style the eastern town of Dirkiesdorp sources said.

on May 3, a day after being arr-

The spokesman said he could give no indication of the cause of death pending a post mortem. The dead man's father, Abs-

alom Manana, who was arrested not go bome without his son. "The captain then spoke to a

South Africa," he told cheering son was dead," he said. "I was shown into a cell where I saw my son lying on the floor. "I asked the policeman how my

son had died and I got no reply." Meanwhile Black African 'front-line" states will hold an emergency meeting in Tanzania Thursday, Zimbabwe government

sources said. The so-called front-line -- Tanzania, Zimbabwe, Zambia. Mozambique, Botswana and Angola -are the African states most closely concerned with independence for Namibia (South West Africa) and South African policies.

The one-day meeting, which will be attended by Zimbabwe's A spokesman said Themba Prime Minister Robert Mugabe Manana, a 38-year-old father of and leaders of the five other states. seven, was found dead in his cell in had been called at short notice, the

Kampuchean children suffer from malnutrition

half of the children in provinces tilisers and seed, medicines, and from severe malnutrition, according to a United Nations study of food supplies in Vietnamese-

occupied Kampuchea. International aid workers in Bangkok and the Kampuchean capital said the report counters claims by the Vietnamese-backed Heng Samrin government and Hanoi that living conditions are rapidly returning to normal and that the lot of the average peasant

is improving. The report, based on a monthlong survey during February and March, has not yet been published but will be used as the basis for a fresh appeal for funds when U.N. aid agencies hold their annual meeting with Western donor cou-

ntries in New York on May 24. The aid workers said a 130,000-tonne shortfall in rice production was expected in Kampuchea this year and that it must be met either from Western or Soviet-bloc supplies:

court Tuesday that he and other

soldiers skinned alive a Vie-

tnamese woman who had

'booby-trapped" one of their col-

Tyrone Rison, 36, drew gasps

from courtroom spectators as he

revealed his wartime atrocity

under cross-examination during the trial of six people accused of

taking part in a Brink's armoured

car robbery in New York in Oct-

ober 1981 in which three people

Mr. Rison, 36, has admitted to

being a member of the gang which

carried out the robbery, though he

says he did not take part in the

actual hold-up. He turned inf-

ormant for the government and is

giving evidence for the pro-

secution in the current case.

were killed.

Vietnam vet says how he

NEW YORK (R) — A U.S. veteran of the Vietnam War told a ence, seeking to discredit him as a

he said.

current trial.

skinned woman alive

BANGKOK (R) — More than immediate aid in the form of feraround Phnom Penh are suffering emergency protein-rich food sup-

> Aid workers said the U.N. special representative on assistance to Kampuchea, Sir Robert Jackson. was expected to highlight the nutrition problem in his negotiations with Western donors and to make a separate appeal to Soviet-bloc countries.

The Heng Samrin government, installed by Vietnam after its invasion of Kampuchea in December 1978, is recognised only by Moscow, its allies and India.

A rival coalition including the ousted Chinese-backed Khmer Rouge and led by former head of state Prince Norodom Sihanouk is recognised by the United Nations as Kampuchea's legitimate government

Aid agency officials in Phnom Penh say rice production would at least double through greater use of fertiliser.

Until Kampuchea was engulfed

witness, about his record in Vie-

In a matter-of-fact tone, he told

the court that the soldiers "mercy

killed" a fellow serviceman after

he had been injured by a Vie-

tnamese woman who, Mr. Rison

said, had "booby trapped" her

body and severely injured the sol-

catch her, tie her up and skin her,"

the defence attorney. "That's cor-rect" Mr. Rison replied.

"At that point, we managed to

'While she was alive?" asked

Mr. Rison has already pleaded

guilty to murdering a guard in ano-

ther Brink's robbery, in June,

1981, and will be sentenced for

this crime at the conclusion of the

to HST 126 Singer Paul 127 Do a lawn job

in the American War in Vietnam The report said U.N. agencies in 1970, it was one of would need about \$20 million for major food exporters. HOUSTON (R) — A former county sheriff was freed on \$10,000 in 1970, it was one of the region's bail Tuesday after a federal grand jury charged him and three

ex-deputies with using water torture to extract confessions from prisoners. A six-count indictment alleged J.C. "Humpy" Parker. and former deputies Carl Lee, 63. Floyd Allen Baker, 40, and John Glover, 65, tortured and conspired to violate the civil rights of at least six prisoners between 1976 and 1980. The prosecution has alleged the water torture consisted of wrapping a towel over the nose and mouth of a prisoner and pouring water onto the towel until he began to suffocate. According to court papers, Parker, 47, also stopped cars driven by blacks or long-haired men. or carrying bumper stickers of a Houston rock radio station, and carried out strip searches of men and women at the roadside.

Sheriff charged with water torture

NEWS IN BRIEF

WASHINGTON (R) - A U.S. court of appeals Tuesday res-

tored the conviction of a former congressman for taking a bribe

from an FBI agent disguised as an Arab businessman in the

so-called "ABSCAM" corruption scandal. Republican Richard

Kelly was the only one of seven congressmen found guilty in the

highly publicised bribery case to have his conviction overturned.

He failed to win re-election to his Florida seat while awaiting trial

in 1980. The appeals court ruled that the FBI ABSCAM ope-

ration did not reach the level of outrageousness "which would bar

LONDONDERRY, Northern Ireland (R) - A British soldier's

wife was shot dead Tuesday night while trying to shield her

husband from two masked gunmen, police said Wednesday. The

men burst into the home of Sergeant Brian Purvis in Lon-

donderry, second city of British-ruled Northern Ireland, as he and

his wife alice, 47, watched television, they said. Mrs. Purvis threw

herself in front of him and was shot in the back, a spokesman said.

The soldier and a sister of Mrs. Purvis were shot and wounded.

British soldiers are regular targets of Irish guerrillas fighting to

prosecution of the corrupt officials that were uncovered."

British soldier's wife shot dead

end British rule in the province.

Congressman's conviction overturned

Moscow invites 10-year-old U.S. girl

MANCHESTER, Maine (R) - The Soviet government will pay for a two-week trip to Russia by a 10-year old American girl who has exchanged letters with Soviet leader Yuri Andropov, her family said Tuesday.

Mr. Andropov invited Samantha Smith in a letter to her last month, and Samantha said she hopes to meet him in Moscow this summer. But if he isn't available, she said. "I hope to see Lenin's tomb and go to the circus." Samantha wrote to Mr. Andropov earlier this year, congratulating him on becoming the leader of the Soviet Union and asking him if that meant a future war between her country and his. Mr. Andropov wrote back, assuring her that the Soviet Union only wanted peace and inviting her to come and see for herself. The trip offer came Tuesday and included an invitation for her parents, said her father. Arthur Smith.

U.S. puts economic pressure on Nicaragua

Reagan has ordered a cut in sugar imports from Nicaragua with the aim of putting economic pressure on the leftist-ruled nation.

The decision was announced one day after a congressional report said U.S. trade sanctions against the Soviet Union probably did more damage to the American economy than to the Soviet eco-

The White House said in a statement Tuesday that Honduras, Costa Rica and El Salvador would get Nicaragua's share of the U.S.

BONN (R) — The West German

reporter who discovered the for-

ged "Hitler diaries" says he obt-

ained them from a stuttgart dealer

Gerd Heidemann, dismissed by

using the name Konrad Fischer.

the news magazine Stern Tuesday,

told Reuters that the man tel-

ephoned him on Monday, cla-

iming to speak from an Eastern

European country and confessing

that he had lied about the diaries'

Mr. Heidemann said Stern inv-

estigations in East Germany had.

shown that Fischer was an alias

and that his real name was Kujau.

reveal his source publicly even

after the diaries were pronounced

fakes by West German officials.

But he told Reuters that his sou-

rce was Fischer, who has a small shop dealing in Hitler mem-

BY CHARLES GOREN ©1982 Tribune Company Syndicate, Inc.

Both vulnerable. North

NORTH

◆ K876

♥K982

OAKJ

The reporter had refused to

authenticity.

last week.

Stern reporter names

source of forged diaries

GOREN BRIDGE

sugar market. The quota is estimated to be worth \$14 million.

*These three countries are experiencing enourmous problems. caused in considerable part by Nicaraguan-supported subversion and extremist violence," the White House said.

U.S. officials said Nicaragua would be allowed to ship 6,000 tonnes of sugar to the United States in the financial year starting Oct. 1 compared with 58,800 in the current year.

The White House said the Uni-

ted States hoped lower sales by Nicaragua would "reduce the res- Committee meanwhile delivered a ources available to that country setback for Mr. Reagan's Central

The decision came a day after the Office of Technology Assessment (OTA), a congressional research unit, said in its report that U.S. sanctions on grain, oil and gas technology sales in retaliation for the Soviet move into Afghanistan and the military crackdown in sectors of the Soviet economy."

The Senate Foreign Relations for financing its military build-up."

American policy by voting to cut up."

American policy by voting to cut s70 million off his request for \$22.6 million in military aid for El Salvador in the next two years.

But the House of Representatives Foreign Affairs Committee approved an additional \$20 million in military aid for Honduras, making a total of 41 million, to help it block supplies Poland "did not hurt vulnerable sent by Nicaragua to leftist guerrillas in El Salvador.

Canberra faces scandal

orabilia in Stuttgart, after Stern publisher Henri Nannen revealed the name to newsmen at a Bonn reiberstrasse said they had not seen the dealer for about three

weeks and that the steel shutters on his shop windows were down. Mr. Heidemann said both he and Nannen doubted that Fischer/Kujau was in Eastern Europe, Mr. Nannen said the man had claimed to be speaking from a telephone box in Czechoslovakia.

The 51-year-old reporter said the man had claimed that he received the 62 diaries from East German sources including two brothers -- one a general and the other a museum director.

But they turned out to be a railway porter and a museum concierge, he said.

CANBERRA (R) - A former to the injunction said ASIO had national secretary of the Aus-

Wednesday. Mr. Hawke said the secretary, David Combe, had been or appeared to have been compromised by Soviet embassy first secretary

Australia on April 22 for spying. It was the second embarrassing security revelation this month for the Labour government, elected to power in a general election on

an injunction to stop an Australian newspaper, the National Times, from publishing secret documents relating to the Australian Security Intelligence Org-

The one article published prior cern.

provided the U.S. Central Intelligence Agency with potentially damaging material on leading Australians.

Combe's relationship with the Soviet diplomat was allged to have occurred after August, 1981, when he ceased to be party secretary after five years in office.

Combe's relationship with Ivanov. who was alleged to be a member of

available there was no evidence that a criminal offence had been committed by Combe, who now runs a lobbying and consultancy business in Canberra. But he said information and

advice available to the government "suggested that Mr. Combe's relationship with Ivanov had developed to the point that it gave rise to serious security con-

tralian Labour Party had a relationship with an expelled Soviet diplomat which gave rise to serious security concern, Prime Min-

Valeriy Ivanov, ordered out of

The government has taken out

Mr. Hawke gave no details of

the KGB, the Soviet secret police. He said that on all information

SWIMMING POOL

announce the opening of the swimming pool.

* Monthly, seasonal subscriptions.

* Daily entrance fees. -

662186/7/9

FROM PRODUCER TO CONSUMER SPECIAL OFFER ON SHOES

with attractive colours:

the offer is valid until May 14 Call at NASSEREDDIN SUPERMARKET/Jabal Amman

Seventh Circle tel: 814777

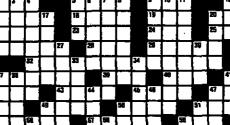
THE WEEKEND CROSSWORD

GETTING THERE

9 Doctors' org. 12 Drops bait lightly 16 Flowering shrub 18 Uris or Spirks 19 Tar 20 Judges' milleux 22 "For want

98 Island garland
101 Conceived
103 Prayer ending
104 Certain
trainer
107 Clayey soil
108 Happen again
109 Somewhat suif.
110 Provo netive
114 Laud
116 Silkworm
117 Joeger





Last Week's Cryptograms

ick to purist's system after plucky leuten fast

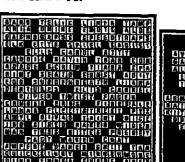
CRYPTOGRAMS

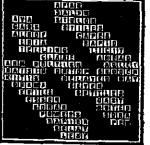
1. ESIDUNTHUTA XDCW DYRNNRZ WHPR CHYRNS. PRSU NRZ UDIR AREOZ XROO MR ODMBORZ "BRZENDO BDOZRNDO." –Ву India M. Sperry

2. TRAGIC USHIONL YEIGGIC BT PREUSEK ROC HASIK ILHANP ARGEY ROC YUNPIY. -ByLen Sherry 3. PIPLT FIEYDUNBERIEBYE ABYRDP OBET

ADDLY IM RHOD RUTHEC RI YBND B PBT IM DEDUCT. — By Leis H. Joge

T BUHLM BELLOL DROB LAMIMDRO BAL





+ Q2 WEST **EAST** ♥QJ1043 ♥ A 5 **0 1086543** 097 + A643 **49875** SOUTH ◆ A 105432 ♥76 ♦ Q 2 + K J 10 The bidding: North East South West

> Opening lead: Queen of ♥. South declarer at four spades, seemed to have an impregnable holding in the trump suit. But accurate defense proved that ap-

1 NT Pass 4 ♠ Pass

Pass Pass

pearances can be deceiving. North-South's bidding was impeccable. However, had they been using some sort of , to telling effect when he ruftransfer bid to allow North to become declarer, four spades would have been an unbeat-

able contract. West led the queen of hearts, which was ducked all round the table. Even if the

defenders could take two heart tricks, defensive

chances appeared grim un-

THE CARDS TELL THE STORY less East held the king of clubs as well. However, since there was no point in not leading another heart, West decided that he might as well see what his prospects were right away. His low heart continuation was won by the

ace as declarer followed suit. East read his partner's low heart as being a suit preference signal for clubs. He duly shifted to the nine of clubs. West won the ace, and paused to take stock. The fate of the contract hinged on his next play.

From his partner's return

of the nine of clubs, West deduced that East could not hold the king. With that card, he would either have first cashed the king before continuing with a low club, or else he would have shifted to a low club rather than the nine. Now, the trump suit was the only place to develop the setting trick. So. West reverted to hearts, again leading low. East used his jack of spades fed. Declarer was forced to overruff with the ace, and now West had a sure trump trick provided he carefully covered the ten if South

elected to lead that card. All it took to sink the contract was some thoughtful defense combined with an uppercut.

OPENING

The management of MANAR HOTEL is pleased to

For further information, please call

a wide variety of foreign made shoes of different models,

JD 3.750 a pair of shoes for ladies JD 2.500 a pair of shoes for girls or boys JD 0.990 different types